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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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CABARET DINNER DANCE
Sonny Lobo & His Nite Club Boys
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Sun. 7th
CABARET COCKTAIL DANCE.

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Churchill Ignores Roosevelt's 'Very Stiff Cables'

Deadlock In Greece To Continue? Drew Pearson's Revelations

LONDON, January 4.

Drew Pearson, the American commentator, has once again attempted to throw a bombshell in international politics.

He asserts in his column that President Roosevelt had sent to Mr. Churchill some very stiff cables (one so stiff that Mr. Churchill refrained from replying), demanding an explanation of his 'tardiness' in clearing up the Greek situation, and had requested Marshal to enquire why Field Marshal Alexander had taken American relief supplies for Rightist Greeks without permission from either Washington or the Combined American Board.

Pearson also states that on being informed that the British were evacuating U.N.R.R.A. workers from Greece for their own protection. President Roosevelt had appointed Marshal to send U. S. Army Quarter-Masters to distribute relief to the Left and Right "thus breaking the British effort to starve the ELAS"—United Press.

Non-Party Service Cabinet For Greece

Seven Ministers & Five Under-Secretaries For Plastiras' Govt.

ATHENS, Jan. 4.

From Reuter's special correspondent.

The new Greek Cabinet under General Plastiras was sworn in before Archbishop Damaskinos.

It consists of seven ministers and five under-secretaries.

General Plastiras in addition to Premiership is Minister for War, Navy, Air and Mercantile Marine.

Others are: Foreign Affairs, M. John Sofianopoulos (Agrarian) who is also Minister for Information; Finance and Supply, M. George Sideris (Liberal); Justice, Social Welfare and Health, M. Nicholas Kolyvas; Interior and Education, M. Pericles Rallics (no relation to the quisling ex-Premier, John Rallies).

Agriculture and National Economy, M. John Glavamis (Liberal); Communications, Transport, Post, Telegraphs and Telephones, General Lucas Sakellaropoulos.

NON-PARTY SERVICE CABINET

The new Government as a whole can be described as a non-party service Cabinet. M. John Sofianopoulos, Foreign Affairs Minister was head of the former Agrarian party. During General Metaxas' dictatorship which was in power when Greece was attacked, he made two visits to Moscow where he made friendly contacts. Political circles feel he should be able to use these contacts profitably when explaining Greek situation to the Soviets.

M. Michael Sergheyev, former Soviet Charge D'Affaires in Athens has been nominated new Soviet Ambassador to Greece and will arrive in Athens shortly, according to press reports today.

General Plastiras declaring in Athens today the aims of his Government said that he hoped he would have the help of the great Allies in the accomplishment of those tasks. Sofoulis, Liberal Leader, Kafandaris Progressive leader and Papandreou, former Premier announced support for the new Government.—Reuter.

Elas Resistance "Fanatical"

ATHENS, Jan. 4.

Five Elas mortar shells just landed in quick succession in the very centre of Athens.

Elas resistance yesterday in the area east of the Averoff prison is described as very stiff and sometimes fanatical. British 25 pounders fired 58 shells during the whole of Wednesday followed by a thousand more last night and early today on one of the northern roads leading to Athens.—Reuter.

CRIPPS' OFFER TO 'GERMAN PEOPLE'

"We Help You Back Into Comity Of Nations"

LONDON, Jan. 4: Sir Stafford Cripps, Aircraft Production Minister, at a meeting of Baptists on Wednesday said: "to the German people we as Christians would say we desire to treat you as brother and with friendship, but we must insist upon taking measures to protect and comfort our other European brothers upon whom you and your leaders have inflicted such untold suffering. We desire to help you and bring you back into the comity of nations. We are not your judges—God alone can judge of human actions and motives —but we shall take what practical steps we can, to provide a safe period of absence of war during which we can start to build a more permanent structure of lasting peace When passions generated by war die down and you will have been able to convince your neighbours of your true desire for friendly and peaceful co-operation, you will be able to join with all other nations in the elaboration of such international order as will obviate the danger of future wars.—Reuter.

In Budapest

GERMAN UNITS STILL HOLD OUT

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent)

MOSCOW, Jan 4.

German units in the citadel of Budapest on the west side of the Danube are still holding out in the face of heavy attacks. The wedge driven into the Soviet lines appears to be aimed in the direction of the railway junction of Bicske, about halfway between Komarom and Budapest.

German forces south-east of Komarom, 35 miles west of Budapest, are stepping up their tank attacks to counter-offensive tempo in an attempt to break-through to the encircled Budapest garrison.

The reinforced panzer army is being hurled with battering-ram force against Soviet lines in the face of very severe losses. In a savage swaying struggle in which some ground was yielded during past 24 hours, Marshal Tolbukhin's forces presented a wall of steel and fire to the attackers.

The "Red Star" reported to-day that the Germans had been firmly held after driving a wedge into Soviet positions.

ARMISTICE TERMS TO HUNGARY

MOSCOW, Jan. 4: Armistice terms to be presented to the Hungarian delegation now in Moscow are being worked out in consultation with British and American representatives. —Reuter.

GERMAN LOSSES

LONDON, Jan. 4.

Moscow radio to-day gave the "1944 balance-sheet of the Wehrmacht". The Germans suffered over four and a half million casualties during the past year. Three million men were killed or wounded and 1,563,000 taken prisoner.

Since 'D' Day in the fighting in France, Belgium and Luxembourg 7,56,000 German prisoners were taken. During this year, the Germans yielded territory equal to six times the size of Germany.

Battle Of Bastogne Continues

Germans Throw Hundred Tanks Into Two Counter-Attacks

United States Third Army, Jan. 4: Germans threw a hundred tanks into two counter-attacks in the Bastogne bulge to-day, after preventing the Americans from making further gains.

Patrol Clashes In Holland

S.H.A.E.F., PARIS, Jan. 4

General Eisenhower's 'communique' to-day said: "Active patrolling by the Allied forces and by the enemy continues in Holland.

In the Ardennes salient, we counter-attacked yesterday morning in the Grandmenil area. Good progress is being made against stiff opposition. Gains were made to the south of Rochefort where some commanding ground and a village have been taken against strong enemy resistance.

In the Bastogne bulge, Senonchamps has been taken, and we are fighting in the areas of Longchamps, Bourcy and 'Bois Du Maister.' Resistance has been stiff at Arloncourt and on the highground southwest of Villers 'Le Bonne Eau'. There was heavy enemy artillery fire against Lutrebois.

IN SAAR VALLEY

Our forces in the Saar Valley cleared an area two and a half miles northwest of Volklingen. Strong resistance met our efforts to force the enemy back towards the Saar river in the Ludweiler area. East of Saargemund, a small force of the enemy, after several attempts, crossed the Blies river just south of Habkirchen, but our artillery prevented him from making further gains.

The enemy penetrated to Grosredenchingen and there was fighting in the vicinity of Aachen. In the wooded area south and southeast of Bitche, enemy pressure has lessened somewhat. Three small-scale attacks were repulsed.

In the Alsace plain, north of Colmar, our troops repulsed an enemy attack and gained some ground in a counter-attack. Enemy attempts to infiltrate into the Lake Moir region of the Vosges were turned back.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGE 5)

AMERICANS MAKE MORE LANDINGS ON MINDORO

U. S. Planes Sink Or Set Ablaze 25 Jap Ships Off Luzon West Coast

PHILIPPINES, Jan. 4.

United States troops have carried out two small scale landings north of the present positions on Mindoro Both landings were unopposed, says a communique from General MacArthur's Headquarters.

United States planes have sunk or set fire to 25 Japanese ships off the west coast of Luzon, it was officially announced here tonight. The ships hit included a 7,000 tons transport, a 6,000 tons freighter, 21 smaller freighters and two trawlers.

On January 1, Liberators struck at Clark airfield in Manila, shooting down 11 out of 20 interceptors. Eight Japanese planes were shot down at Mindoro.

The 'communique' also reports that light naval units patrolling water adjacent to Leyte sank five coastal vessels and a launch. Patrol planes sank a coastal vessel off Celebes.

Among the large number of other air targets, air patrols bombed shipyards and warehouses at Sandakan in Borneo and oilstorage tanks in the Menado area in Celebes.—Reuter.

PHILIPPINES SITUATION MORE CRITICAL

Jap Premier Addresses First Meeting Of Cabinet

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The German overseas New Agency in a Tokio despatch quoted the Japanese Prime Minister Koiso as saying, "the situation in the Philippines growing more critical every day the now reached a serious stage."

Koiso was addressing the first meeting of the Japanese Cabinet to be held this year.—Reuter.

U. S. Invasion Of Sulu Sea

NEW YORK, Jan. 4. A Japanese News Agency broadcast picked up here today said that American Task Force escorting a convoy of transports has invaded Sulu Sea which lies due south of the island of Mindoro in the Philippines. It is bounded in the west by the island of Palawan and in east by Negros and Mindanao islands.

'500' ALLIED PLANES RAID FORMOSA

LONDON, Jan. 4

The Japanese News Agency today said that 500 Allied aircraft, chiefly carrier-borne, raided the Formosa and Okinawa islands yesterday. The Agency said that the attacks lasted "from about 07-30 to 14-30.

Reuter adds it is not clear whether this raid is in addition to that reported by Admiral Chester Nimitz's headquarters yesterday which said that Military targets on Formosa had been attacked by carrier-based planes. —Reuter.

90 SUPER FORTS RAID JAPAN

LONDON, Jan. 4

Tokyo radio broadcast an official Japanese communique stating that 90 Super Forts made a raid on Japan. The main force appeared over Nagoya while a part were over the vicinities of Osaka and Hamamatsu, the communique said, adding "damage was sustained from incendiaries dropped at Osaka and Hamamatsu. Two of our planes have not yet returned".—Reuter.

"False Alarm"

COLOMBO, Jan. 4.—An air-raid siren was sounded in Trincomalee yesterday but it proved to be a false alarm.—A. P.

Chinese Advance In Burma

KANDY, Jan. 4: To-day's SEAC 'communique' said: Heavy bombers yesterday damaged tracks, locomotives, rollingstock on the Bangkok-Moulmein railway. A strong attack by fighter-bombers was made on enemy troop concentration in Northern Burma on January 2.

FOURTEENTH ARMY: Our bridge head in the Kabo Weir area has been enlarged in the face of enemy opposition. At Yeu, opposition has been met with from the east bank of the Mu River. Japanese artillery has been active. Our troops captured positions immediately north of Kanhalu and other positions eight miles to the east.

NORTHERN COMBAT AREA: Chinese troops advanced more than a mile down the Namhkan road yesterday.—A. P.

NEW SWISS GOVT.

LONDON, Jan. 4.

The Swiss radio to-day gave the following composition of a new Swiss Government: Foreign Affairs, M. Petitpierre, Commerce, M. Stampfli, Interior, M. Etter, Justice Von Steiger who will also be President, Police, M. Nobs, Post and Railways, M. Celio.

President Von Steiger and Ministers, Petitpierre and M. Etter form the so-called "Delegation for Foreign Affairs."—Reuter.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH)

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

Previous Closing	22.11
Today's Opening	22.10
Difference	—01
Today's Closing	22.15
Difference	+04

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.

General Motors dol 64-5/8

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 30-5/8

United States Steel Common dol. 62-3/8

United States Steel preference unquoted.—Reuter.

Britain's Delaying Tactics Will Fail

Sumner Welles Visualises Free India As Bulwark Of Democracy In Far East

"Despite the resistance of "diehards" in Britain and vested interests in India, especially some of the Indian Princes, India cannot fail to advance to even greater autonomy, height and speed beyond that envisaged in the time-delaying 'aims at ultimate Dominion Status'.

"The rise of a free and self-governing India, taking her place beside a free and strong China, is bound to revolutionise Asia."

The Indian National Movement, which began by emphasising its own needs under Mr. Gandhi, will, under the guidance of a leader of more modern type like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, also serve in the larger framework of a progressive Asia, and thus India will take her proper place in a world organisation." says Mr. Sumner Welles former Under-Secretary of State in a book "An Intelligent American's Guide to Peace" edited by him.

Problem Of Untouchables

NEW YORK, Jan. 4: Mr. Welles says: "Too much of India's improvement has been dictated either by the need for profitable investment or by magnificent projects dear to the various Viceroys, but these impulses though beneficial in modernising the country, have not touched the heart of India's economic problem the dire poverty of her people."

"The problem of the untouchables is far nearer solution to-day than 50 years ago. Experience of working together in factories in more modern settlements has done much to undermine obstacles in the way of commonsense progress.

Despite the resistance of 'diehards' in Britain and vested interests in India, especially some of the Indian princes, India cannot fail to advance to even greater autonomy, height and speed beyond that envisaged in the time-delaying 'aims at ultimate Dominion Status.'

IDEAL MEMBER

"No country is culturally, historically or spiritually more devoted to peace. India would be an ideal member of a world organisation of nations. The rise of a free and self-governing India, taking her place beside a free and strong China, is bound to revolutionise Asia.

"The rise to a position of power in the Nationalist movement of an enlightened figure like Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru points significantly to this direction. The constructive statesmanship of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru is concerned not so much with narrowly Indian problems as with the capacities of such a self-governing India to serve as effective means in stabilising the Far-East in its democratic future. Thus the Indian National Movement, which began by emphasising its own needs under Mr. Gandhi, will, under the guidance of a leader of more modern type like Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, also serve in the larger framework of a progressive Asia, and thus India will take her proper place in a world organisation."

Britain's Position At End Of War

"Britain's position at the end of the war will bear little resemblance to that in 1939" according to "an intelligent American's guide to peace" edited by Mr. Sumner Welles, former American Under-Secretary of State published today (Thursday). It adds "If Britain is to maintain her pre-war 'standard of living, she must export per year 1,500 million dollars more than she did in 1939 (in pre-war-values). Britain must double her exports or her standard of living must appreciably decline. Since no people will consent to decreased standards after years of privation in food, clothing, housing and the like, the problem of Great Britain is enormous

The difficulty is complicated by the existence of 'blocked sterling credits.

In international relations, Britain must become a part of a world organisation. Rising nationalism throughout the world will undoubtedly reduce the colonial supremacy Britain once possessed. Whether in currency, trade, investment, standard of living security or empire, Britain's fate is no longer subject to her own will.

'Balance of power.' 'Britain's guiding principle in international relations since 1688 cannot assure her safety and greatness in the future."

Indian Issue In Pacific Relations Conference

The Conference of the Institute of Pacific Relations, opening at Hot Springs, Virginia, on January 6 will attempt to discuss some of the most urgent problems confronting the Far East. Doctor H. N. Kunzru, Indian Delegate to the conference told Reuter. At the top of the agenda will be the problem of how to treat Japan after her defeat. "We must not adopt an over-harsh attitude towards the Japanese people. The way to guard against another Japanese attack is to have a strong India and China."

Dr. Kunzru said that the conference would probably press for complete Indianisation of the Viceroy's Council as a step towards creating greater unity in India. The aim of the conference was to achieve a certain understanding on international affairs between the delegates and then proceed to shape public opinion of the various countries along the lines adopted by the Conference. Delegates from the following countries or areas will attend: Great Britain, the United States, India, China, Australia, New Zealand, Dutch East Indies and Canada.

The Conference will consider the Pacific situation from an over-all economic and political point of view. The area will firstly be discussed by the delegates in the light of its economic needs and possibilities Secondly, the question of political security of the Pacific regions especially in the light of the Dumbarton Oaks Plan, will be examined by specialists. The results of the studies which will continue for ten days, will be published as recommendations in the form of a conference report. These reports, which are issued by the institute every three years at the close of its international sessions, carry much weight in responsible Government circles throughout the world.—Reuter.

'NO GREATER INTERNATIONALIST THAN MAHATMAJI'

Prof. Davison Powers' New Economic Imperialism

NAGPUR, Jan. 4.

Professor Jerome Davis of Yale University who is now in Sevagram in an interview said it was correct to assume that America aspired for leadership in the new economic imperialism and wanted markets in China and other parts of the globe.

Replying to a question whether the impact of war had given rise to capitalistic and imperialistic tendencies in Soviet Russia, Prof. Davis after good deal of deliberation said that while Russia's dealings with many of her neighbours smacked of imperialistic deals, she was not at heart an imperialistic nation.

Prof. Davis said that Gandhiji was one person in the world who was not affected by the war and stuck to his principles. "His name will shine out a hundred years hence when people will have forgotten the names of Marshal Stalin, Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt. The fact is there is no greater internationalist than "Mahatmaji."—United Press.

MAHATMA SLEEPS WELL AND TAKES WALK

SEWAGRAM, Jan. 4: Dr. Sushila Nayar issued the following bulletin last evening regarding the health of Mahatma Gandhi:—

"Gandhiji slept well at night and is feeling better. The cough has almost gone. He was able to walk a short distance in his compound yesterday and to-day. He resumed his sacrificial spinning from yesterday."

ROMAIN ROLLAND'S DEATH

Asked by the 'United Press' about Gandhiji's reaction to the reported death of Romain Rolland Mr. Pyarelal, Secretary to Gandhiji, said that in view of the fact that once before the news of Romain Rolland's death had proved to be false, it would be best to await confirmation of the news all the while hoping that it might again prove to be false.

Mr. Kishorlal Mashruwala arrived at Sevagram.—United Press.

ROOSEVELT WELCOMES TURKEY'S ACTION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4

President Roosevelt in a statement issued here to-night said: "Turkey's decision to sever relations with Japan is further evidence of Turkey's desire for rapid and complete victory of the Allies. This action will result in the closing of Japanese Government establishments in Turkey which since the German establishments were closed by the Turkish Government were the last footholds of the Axis on Turkish soil. I welcome this action by the republic of Turkey."—Reuter.

Turkey's Break With Japs Will Shorten War

ANKARA, Jan. 4: Turkey's break with Japan announced yesterday followed a "suggestion" by the United States backed by Britain, said: M. Hasan Saka, the Turkish Foreign Minister, at a meeting of the Grand National Assembly at which the decision was taken.

The suggestion was that the break would shorten the war with Japan by depriving the Japanese of an available post from which they could observe Allied preparations.

The Allied suggestion (for a break with Japan) was made on Christmas Day.

The Minister added: "Naturally it will depend on the decision and attitude of the other interested party, whether the severance of diplomatic relations will be transformed into a state of war."—Reuter.

Display Of News Posters

NEW DELHI, Jan. 4.

The Government of India have decided to allow the display of posters relating to any news provided they are printed on newsprint, which has previously been printed on completely on both sides, says a press note. A. P.

STOP PRESS

RUNDSTEDT'S FORCES UNDER A PINCER ATTACK

LONDON, Jan. 4.

From Reuter's special correspondent at SHAEF Headquarters:

The Americans have reached Bois de Tave, where two sharp German counter-attacks were repulsed. With General Patton advancing from the south, this means that Rundstedt's forces are now under a pincer attack at the narrowest point of the salient—14 miles from Bastogne to Grandmenil. But although geographically this is the "weak waist" of the salient, strong opposition is being encountered against the attack which threatens to cut off thousands of German troops. Attacks are progressing generally north-east of Grandmenil in a southward direction on an east-west line through Ordergen.—Reuter.

GERMAN GARRISON IN BUDAPEST AT ITS LAST GASP

From Reuter's special correspondent, Moscow, Thursday:

One of the key battles of the Soviet-German war now appears to be developing in the hills in the Danube Valley, west and north-west of Budapest. The Germans have made some initial gains by sheer weight of their onslaught but there are no indications that anything approaching a break-through has been made. The next 24 hours should show whether it is possible for this German onslaught to create a real menace for further development of the Soviet offensive in the south. In Budapest the German garrison is at its last gasp and two powerful Soviet army groups under the command of Marshal Tolburkhin and Marshal Malinovsky are ready to move simultaneously on Austria as soon as the city falls.

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First Public Show
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BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW
Plans Open at the Hall (12 to 2-30 p.m. & to 10 p.m.)

No Exploitation Of Labour By Capitalists Or Professionals

B.P.C.C. Circular To City Organisations Explains Congress Plan Of Approach

"The new Congress approach to the problem of industrial labour" has been explained by Mr. S. K. Patil, the General Secretary of the Bombay P.C.C. in an instructional circular to all Congress organisations in the City and the Congress workers in the labour field. The circular stresses the following points:

(1) Congress workers entering the labour field to bring about a closer Congress-Labour rapprochement for the freedom's struggle must understand the proper significance of our new approach to this subject.

(2) Labour will voluntarily accept the Congress lead when it is convinced that we differ from others in our methods of work and that difference is in labour's favour.

(3) Hitherto the labour has been spoon-fed by professional "Ismists" in the political interest of their particular "Isms". While the labour is economically exploited by capitalists and big industrialists, it is no less politically exploited by those professionals. This must stop in the larger interest of the labour itself.

(4) Gandhian approach to labour which is another name for the Congress approach must encourage and adopt methods by which labour must be enabled to stand on its own legs and responsibly manage its own affairs of organisation and conduct.

NO CLASS HATRED

(5) While the Congress believes in class-consciousness as a necessary corollary of the trade-union activity among labour, it does not believe in the theory of class hatred and therefore its method of work will be so devised as to discourage the notions of class-hatred.

(6) The Congress will work for the harmonious relationship between the employer and the worker in their mutual interest as well as the interest of industry itself.

(7) According to Congress approach, strike will be the last weapon to be used for settling industrial disputes, when everything else fails and the strike becomes inevitable. Strikes ought not to be regarded as a potential source of swelling the union membership.

(8) Considerations of national industry as a nation's asset must in all circumstances influence the conduct of the employer and the employed alike.

NO OUTSIDE INTERFERENCE

(9) Labour must be taught from the beginning to manage its own affairs to the exclusion of outside interference. The present dumping methods of professional leaders must be put a stop to. Trade Unions must be conducted and officered by the men in the trade and not by outsiders as at present.

(10) Congress methods of work must be so directed that the worker must be made to feel that the struggle for independence is also the struggle for his bread and a tolerable standard of life and in winning the one, he wins the other too.

PUBLISH NAMES OF PROFITEERS

Huq's Appeal To Press

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

Sir Azizul Huq, Commerce Member requested the Press to tea last evening and pleaded for co-operation with the Government by bringing to light all important cases, convictions and seizures under the profiteering and hoarding orders and thus create public opinion in the matter. He regretted that the public at large had the impression that Government were punishing and convicting only smaller dealers, whereas the bigger and certainly the more mischievous culprits were being let off with inadequate punishment. He complained that the names of certain big firms who were prosecuted and convicted had not appeared in the press. To facilitate the press in such matters, he said that the Controller-General of Civil Supplies, Bombay will shortly start issuing bulletins at regular intervals giving all important cases. He wished that due prominence and publicity should be given to these bulletins.—O. P.

BRITAIN NEVER TO REGAIN LOST MARKETS

Export Trade Cut By 51 Percent

LONDON, For the first time in the war, the British Government revealed that war has cut her export trade by 51 per cent, from 471 million pounds in 1938 to 232 million pounds. Many British businessmen fear that she may never regain her lost markets. But some believe that they have some advantages. They argue that:

1. The world will be crying for all kinds of goods after the war. 2 Such competitors as Germany and Japan will be knocked out. 3. U. S. is hampered in its efforts to compete by a sharp rise in its costs of production 4. Most nations have plenty of sterling exchange with which to buy British goods and very little dollar exchange. 5. Britain will never again make the mistake as in 1925 of overvaluing the pounds. With Imperial preference, import licensing, cartelisation of industry and bilateral treaties, Britain hopes to maintain her exports. But these measures are bound to bring about a clash with U. S. as they are distasteful to them and are not likely to contribute to world peace. On the other hand American observers feel that such measures will revert the world trade to conditions of thirties.—India Press Service.

PARIS NEWSPAPERS PRINTED ON MEIN KAMPF

PARIS.—Faced with acute shortage of newsprint, the Paris newspapers are being printed on Hitler's Mein Kampf. To meet the immediate requirements of the papers, the French Government ordered the seizure of more than 400,000 unsold copies of Hitler's autobiography found in French book stalls and they were pulped to produce newsprint for the new Paris newspapers till new arrangements were made for procuring newsprint.—India Press Service.

No War Profiteers In Canada During This War

OTTAYA.—There have been no war profiteers in Canada during this war. On the other hand apparently the rich have diminished in number. In 1940, there were 11,816 tax payers having incomes of more than 10,000 dollars a year. Last year there were only 8,038. Canada now has largest per capita export trade in the world.—India Press Service.

Oslo Telegraph Service Chief Shot Dead

STOCKHOLM.—The German controlled Norwegian Radio reported the other day that Knut Knutson Fiana, the Chief of the Oslo Telegraph Service was shot dead by the Norwegian terrorists.—India Press Service.

Mysore Muslim League's Demand

BANGALORE.—In his presidential address at the Special Session of the Mysore State Muslim League today Khan Bahadur Mahmood Sheriff said, "the State Muslim League favoured the advancement of the country of constitutional lines."

Mr. Sheriff said that the Mysore constitution, though elastic had not been worked in a manner as to inspire confidence in the public mind. The appointment of a third Minister from the elected members of the State legislature would allay the misgiving that the Government were not serious in the matter of trusting the representatives of the people in working the constitution.

The President demanded a reservation of at least 20 per cent of the services in the State for Muslims and separate electorates for them in the local bodies.

The Session adopted two resolutions one condoling the death of Quaid-Ul-Millat, Moulvi Bahadur Khan (Bahadur Yar Jung), former President of the All-India States Muslim League, and the other expressing loyalty to the person and throne of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.—A. P.

GROWING INDO-U. S. TRADE INTEREST

Indian Businessmen To Visit America

NEW YORK, Jan. 3—While raw materials and production facilities are devoted now to meeting heavy wartime demands, U. S. industrialists, financiers, exporters and importers are devoting much thought to Indian-American post-war trade relations.

Businessmen have noted reports from the U. S. Department of Commerce that the Government of India is said to be determined to foster intensive development of her industries after the war and it is understood that India will provide tariff protection and continue import controls toward realizing this goal.

A report in the United States 'Foreign Commerce' weekly says: "This policy was outlined at the recent meeting of India's policy committee on industries by the Planning and Development Member of Government. He stated that while the Government would not attempt to channel foreign orders, such transactions would have to be registered with Government in order to obtain import licenses and official assistance in obtaining merchandise abroad."

The report mentioned that the Indian Government's post-war economic development programme provides for technical training of 500 young men overseas, who upon return would help to establish an institute of technology and a centralized agricultural training college.

AUTOMOBILE ASSEMBLY PLANT PROPOSED

One barometer of increased United States-India trade expansion prospects has been the large number of Indian businessmen and industrialists who have already visited the United States to discuss post-war plans, or plan for the near future. The New York 'Journal of Commerce', in an article last week, said a spokesman for the Studebaker Corporation, one of the large, independent U. S. automobile manufacturing concerns, told the paper that M. Mehta was expected to arrive here within a few days to discuss the establishment of a Studebaker assembly plant in India. While Studebaker is reported to have made no commitments on this particular project, the forthcoming discussions illustrate the energy with which Indian business leaders are mapping further industrialization and development programmes for India.

The 'Journal of Commerce' said: "It is learned that a most important group of Indian businessmen is expected here in February or March" for discussions on other phases of India's modernization plans. Among those coming, the report said, will be J. R. D. Tata, representing the Tata Iron and Steel Company, and Tatas heavy chemical, textile, and airline concerns. Representatives of Birlas who are active in jute, and operate cotton mills, sugar, chemical and pharmaceutical plants also, are understood to be coming to discuss machinery purchases, the article said.

HEAVY PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

As the new year opened, manufacturers and importers were analyzing prospects for materials essential in fulfilling 1945 production resuirements, which will be particularly heavy to meet military needs.

At the end of 1944, according to reports from the burlap trade in New York, inventories remained at the same relatively low point at which they stood at the close of the previous year. Figures for output of burlap by the bag industry reveals that over 200 million yards more burlap was consumed during the first eleven months of 1944 than in the entire year of 1943. Production of burlap in the primary market in the eleven months surpassed the total production for 1943, but the increase was small.

LEATHER INDUSTRY SITUATION

In the leather industry, no material improvement in the supply situation is foreseen for the first six months of 1945. However, the January issue of 'Domestic Commerce,' a Department of Commerce publication, said the gradual easing of the present tight supply is indicated for the last half of the year.

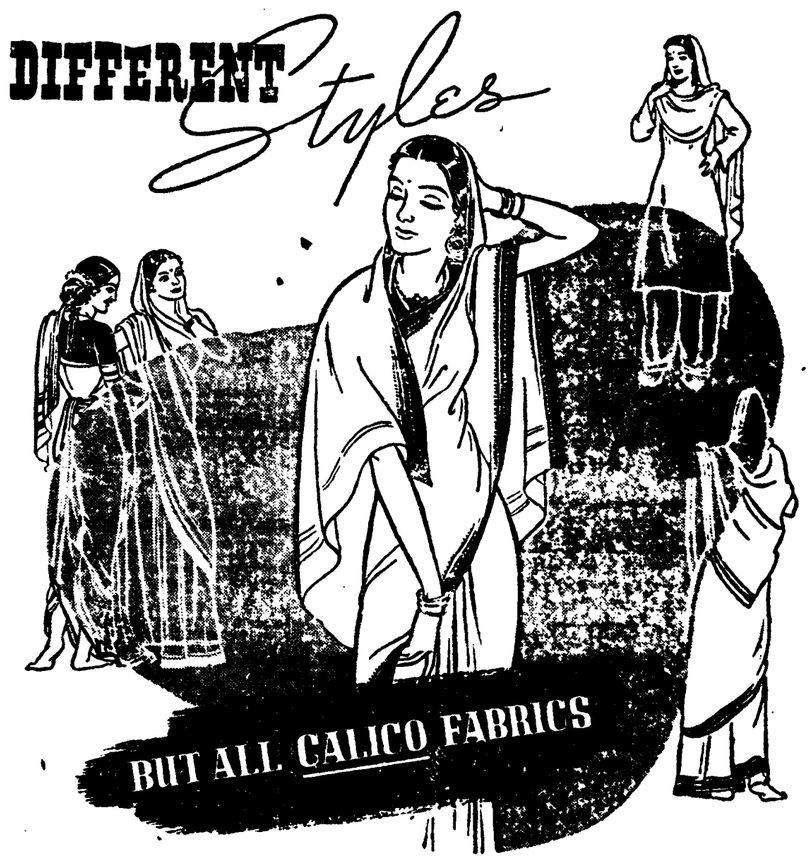
J. G. Schnitzer, chief of the leather unit of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, pointed out that stepped-up war activity during the last months of 1944 has made it necessary to continue military purchases of footwear and other leather products at comparatively high levels, with resultant restricted amounts for civilian markets.

Even after the war in Europe is ended, Government cutbacks may not come fast, he reminded manufacturers, as the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration expects to obtain from United States sources the largest share of raw leather and finished leather products that will be required for relief and rehabilitation operations in the liberated areas.

Likewise, UNRRA's procurement requirements—as well as those of the military—will continue during the new year ahead to place heavy production burdens on the textile industry. A textile consultant to the procurement division of the U. S. Treasury announced last week that the Treasury, in line with procurement requests for UNRRA, plans to buy 15 million dollars' worth of clothing for relief work of the United Nations agency abroad. While no time limit was set, officials indicated the hope of obtaining this amount of clothing supplies within two months.—USOWI.

Madame Craen's Pianoforte Recital

As a part of the programme of International Cultural functions sponsored by the Rotary Club of Bombay, Madame Olga Craen will give a pianoforte recital at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6-30 p.m. on Thursday 11th inst. Suitable to the occasion a very representative international programme has been selected with Russian, Belgian, French, Czech, Polish, Norwegian, American and English composers, and with a brilliant virtuoso like Madame Craen an excellent recital is to be looked forward to. This international programme comes at the right time reminding us of the cultural heritage of various nations that are at the moment struggling for existence and freedom.



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Calico THE BEAUTIFUL FABRIC THAT LASTS

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Managing Agents: KARAMCHAND PREMCHAND LTD.

WHO'S GOING TO PAY?

The brakes failed. It couldn't be helped. The car crashed into a lamp post. A wreck. A mass of ruins. How its owner had saved every rupee to buy this car of his dreams! Now it lies in shambles. Who's going to pay? Well, if it is a wise man's car it is insured with the STERLING. STERLING will pay with a smile. Insure with the STERLING and minimise your risks.

Besides ACCIDENT, the STERLING transacts LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, WORKSMEN'S COMPENSATION, and other Insurance business.

THE GOLDEN RULE OF LIFE IS THE STERLING LIFE POLICY

Sterling GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED
P.O.BOX 48, SCINDIA HOUSE · NEW DELHI.

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Messrs. VISHWABHARATI INSURANCE CO., LTD.
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Messrs. KAY-ORR BROTHERS,
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Prelude ☆ Only a favourite can keep on pleasing the public . . . week after week . . . year after year! And TENOR de luxe cigarette has 'box-office' record of continuous satisfaction behind it. More than merely a star-value cigarette, TENOR has become a tradition of luxury smoking. 100% PURE VIRGINIAN TOBACCOS are used in TENORS . . each cigarette . . each puff is a 'smoker-dividend'. a bonus to the loyal army of TENOR fans. Magnums or Standard size, obtainable everywhere.

Tenor is truly a de luxe Cigarette.

JAMES CARLTON LTD. LONDON. EASTERN LICENCEES POST BOX 470 CALCUTTA.

4 Annas per Packet.

Pure Kashmiri Wool
PULLOVERS Rs. 6/- Each
MUFFLERS Rs. 5/- Each
WANTED AGENTS.
Write for terms and samples.
ALLIED TRADERS LTD., LAHORE.

FERRADAGEN.
Vitamins A. B. C. & D. with Iron Manganese, Glycerophosphates, etc., in NUTRITIVE MALT and HONEY.
VERY PALATABLE TONIC for
GENERAL DEBILITY, ANAEMIAS,
MALNUTRITION, etc.,
EASTERN DRUGS & SYNTHETICS,
Manufacturing Chemists, MASULIPATAM

These are the goods affected by the CONSUMER GOODS (Control of Distribution) ORDER

Under this ORDER, importers must report the expectation or arrival of consumer goods to the Controller General, Civil Supplies, and may not sell those goods without having received his distribution instructions (unless the instructions are not received within 21 days). It applies to locally made goods too, and here is a list of some of them:-

1. Lead pencils.
2. Slate pencils.
3. Toilet requisites.
4. Boot and metal polishes.
5. Steel pens.
6. Fountain pens and parts of fountain pens.
7. Real and artificial silk yarn and thread.
8. Pure and artificial silk fabrics.
9. Hand knitting wool.
10. Woollen fabrics.
11. Umbrellas and parts of umbrellas.
12. Enamelled ironware.
13. Kerosene oil lamps.
14. Razors and razor blades.
15. Cutlery.
16. Typewriter ribbons.
17. Wireless receiving sets and parts of wireless receiving sets and wireless bulbs.
18. Cycles, cycle spare parts and accessories.
19. Photographic negatives and printing papers.
20. Clocks, timepieces and watches and parts thereof.
21. Cartridges.
22. Crockery.
23. Spectacle frames.

Other goods may be added to this list; look out for notifications. This ORDER helps to make Price Controls effective, since, without control over distribution, no Price Control is wholly effective.

CORRECT DISTRIBUTION RELIEVES SHORTAGES

HOARDING & PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE

ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND CIVIL SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

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6th WEEK Bombay Talkies

JWAR BHATA

BT Produced & Directed by AMIYA CHAKRABARTY

Starring—
MRIDULA SHAMIM
AGHA JAN DILEEP KUMAR
and
MUMTAZ ALI

MAJESTIC

Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Advance Booking
9-30 a.m. to 12 noon. 3-30 to 6-30 p.m.

3rd Great WEEK
A Tirade Against Social Injustice
N. R. Desai Productions'

GAALI

Nirmala, Karan Dewan, Manjula (courtesy Prabhat), Yakub, Kanahayalal
Story & Direction CHOWDHARI
A Supreme Release

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1-45 P. M.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 and 4-30 to 6

They've Never Been So Happy . . . .

NEITHER HAVE YOU!

Producer: S. MUKERJI

NEW: REVISED: EDITION

Daily: 4, 7, 10; Sat., Sun., 1 P. M.

ROXY

Book in Advance

MATINEE TODAY 1-15 P. M.

ALL COLOURED COPY OF RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S

SHAKUNTALA

Starring: JAYASHREE
Daily: 4, 7, 10; Sat., Sun. & To-day 1-15 P. M.

69TH WEEK! SWASTIK

All India Premiere
Today at 4 P.M.
★
SPRINKLING IT WITH
SCINTILLATING SUPERLATIVES
IS YOUR BUSINESS!

—OURS IS TO LET YOU KNOW THAT IT'S
NEW THEATRE'S

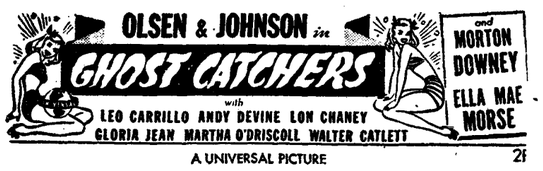
Newest Screen-Hit!
WITH
3
Three NEW STARLETS:
Akhtar Jehan, Sumitra Devi, Suktidhara

MY SISTER

Direction:— HEMCHUNDER
Music:— FUNKAJ MULLICK

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Hol. Mat. at 1 P.M.
Advance Booking: 10 a.m. to 12 3 P.M. to 6
Your Favourite: SAIGAL, NAWAB, CHANDRAWATI and Devi Mukerji
From Today, Fri., 5th Jan. at—
CENTRAL
(A Calcutta Film Exchange Release)

REGAL ('Phone 35017) at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.



A UNIVERSAL PICTURE

Sunday 10-30 a.m "WHITE SAVAGE" (in Technicolor) MARIA MONTEZ Jon HALL & SABU

CAPITOL Sunday 10 a.m "WHO DONE IT?" Bud ABBOTT Lou COSTELLO

Heavenly Man comes to grip with Earthly Reality!

in RAJKAMAL'S Social Classic

MARBAT PE APNA DERA

Directed By V. SHANTARAM

15th WEEK OF TRIUMPH Daily: 4, 7, 10; Sat., Sun. 1 P. M.

Plans Open: 10 to 12-30; 4-30 to 7 p.m.

NOVELTY

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 7, 2001
Muslim: Moharrum 19, 1364
Parsi: Amardad 4, 1314
Sunrise: 8-13 a.m. Sunset 8-16 p.m.
Hightide: 4-53, 17-20
Lowtide 11-30, 22-40

To-day's Engagements

FREEDOM GROUP: Prof J J Anjaria on "Planning For Agriculture" at University Convocation Hall, 6-30 p.m.

MUSLIM CUTCHI MEMON CONFERENCE: The opening ceremony of the office of the Reception Committee of the conference at 10 p.m. at Patca Mansion, Ibrahim Rahmatulla Road.

ALL-INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.: Statutory meeting at 3-30 p.m. at Podar Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY: Mr F. J. Davar's paper on "The Veiled People of Sahara" will be read at the Society's meeting at 6 p.m. in the rooms of B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study Class on "Missing Links" from The Ocean of Theosophy by W. Q. Judge, Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain today 6-15 p.m.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION LTD.: The election of the President, Vice-President and the Board of Directors of the Seeds Traders' Association Limited, will take place at the office of the Association today between 12 and 5-30 p.m. (N.S.T.)

"INDIAN X'IAN ART": His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay will open today at 6 p.m. an Exhibition of pictures by Mr. Angello da Fonseca of "Indian Christian Art" at St. Xavier's College Hall. The Exhibition will remain open till Tuesday, 9th instant from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. admission free. There will be about 100 pictures.

BEST WORKERS' UNION: Urgent meeting of the members of the BEST Workers' Union today to consider the Award of the Adjudicator published by the Government on the 16th December, 1944.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER: Will meet the elected members of Ward No. 6, tomorrow (Saturday) at 9-51 a.m. (BT), at the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade and go round with them in the Ward.

M. RAHIMTULLA DISPENSARY: Number of new patients treated at Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ended 30th December 1944 was 239.

FOUND: A first-class season ticket issued in the name of S/Lt. N. M. Todiwala. It can be obtained on proper identity from the Secretary to the Editor of this paper between 2 and 6 p.m. on any week day.

"Zubaida" To Be Repeated On Jan. 9

The Secretaries of the Bombay People's Theatre announce that in response to public demand, they have decided to give a public show of their Hindustani play "Zubaida", on Tuesday January 9, in addition to the show on Monday, January 8, that is only open to members of the People's Theatre Conference Reception Committee. Seats may now be reserved in advance at the C. J. Hall where the show will be held.

Woman Found Dead Behind House

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The body of an unknown woman was found lying unclaimed at the back of a House No. 80 in 1st Kamatipura Lane this morning. The body was weak and emaciated and yet remains unclaimed.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, Jan. 5.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 News (H) 8-15 News (E). 8-30 Abdul Hamid Khan. 8-45 Saraswatibai Mirajkar. 9-00 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-10 Tomorrow. 9-15 Geet. 9-30 Shrimatibai Narvekar.

12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeet. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 Musical Mixture. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Lunch-Hour. 4-20 School Broadcast. 5-0 Govind V. Deshmukh. 5-10 Abdul Hamid Khan. 5-25 K. A. Bhatkar. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals. 6-0 Aunty Hilda's Happy Half-Hour (E). 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 Commentary (M). 6-50 Bhajan. 7-0 Masik Uddha. Samalochan. 7-15 Govind V. Deshmukh. 7-25 Abdul Hamid Khan. 7-35 Thumri. 7-45 Film Music 8-0 Gujarati Geet. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 Shaikhlal Qawwal and Party. 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay. 9-45 World Affairs. 10-0 Shaikh Lal Qawwal and Party. 10-15 Shrimatibai Narvekar.

A corner of the Shilpayan Exhibition, held under the auspices of the Haranath Mission and opened by Mrs. Hansa Mehta at "Kusum Kunj", Malabar Hill, on Thursday.

"SHILPAYAN" EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS AND HANDICRAFTS

Mrs. Hansa Mehta's Tribute To Children's Sense Of Colour And Form

A striking illustration of artistic and creative talents of even the uneducated women of this country which under proper guidance and encouragement can be developed to great heights is furnished by the exhibition of paintings and handicrafts of students of "Shilpayan", which was declared open by Mrs. Hansa Mehta, at 46 Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, Bombay, on Thursday. A large number of beautifully designed and cleverly executed leather articles such as handbags, wallets, purses, cushions, slippers and sandals, a good collection of clay models and a fascinating array of paintings and sketches by the young students of the institution are set out in a striking, natural and simple garden background.

Declaring the exhibition open Mrs. Mehta paid a warm tribute to the sense of colour and form shown by the children in their paintings and models. It showed to what extent child talent could be developed under proper guidance and encouragement.

Referring to the students who learnt art and craft with a view to making a living Mrs. Mehta said that their training had to be more thorough so as to fit them for an independent career. The success of the institution would be measured by the number of such trained persons it was able to turn out.

Miss Shushila Seth read a short account of the institution and Sri Jashuben Mody thanked Mrs. Mehta.

Classes In Leather Work & Embroidery

The institution was started not long ago by Sreemati Jashuben Mody in furtherance of her keen desire to do social uplift and educational work among women and children. She was assisted in her work by Mr. Ravindra Dutt and Mr. Ashit Dutt well-known artists from Bengal. Regular classes in embroidery and leather work were started at Kusum Kunj, Ridge Road, with only ten women of the locality who were anxious to utilise their leisure hours profitably. The number of women now attending the classes has increased to 50.

Full advantage of the painting classes are also taken by those who work for a return. It is now proposed to start a class for Indian music for which a small fee will be charged. A club known as the Sanghamitra was recently formed to encourage closer comradeship among the pupils.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

We have received the following wall calendars for 1945. Shiavax C. Cambata and Co., Eruch D. Engineer & Co., B. L. Samalgaonkar, Kopran Chemical Co., Newul Kishore Press, Gold Filled Leather Works, Padhye's Shorthand & Typewriting Institution and Wagle's Process Studio and Press.

CITY'S HEALTH...The Health returns of Bombay during the 52nd week of 1944 week ended 30th December 1944, were as under:...

The mortality 665 was 65 less than that for the last week and the death-rate registered was 23.2 on the census population of 1941 which compares favourably with for the 52nd week of 1943 viz. 772 deaths and 26.9 the death-rate. The present population is about 23,00,000 and if the death-rate is calculated on the actual population it will be 15.0. The average mortality for the corresponding week during the preceding quinquennium was 586 and the death rate 22.5. Out of the total deaths 164 were among infants under 1 year of age.

BOMBAY AND SUBURBAN HOTELS' FEDERATION: The Executive body of the above Federation considered over the grave situation created by the drastic reduction of 33 1/3 per cent. in the sugar quota of the Hotels from 7th January '45. in its meeting on 2nd instant and strongly and vehemently disapproved of it. The meeting further decided to take direct action and so the spectacular Marriel Abbott dance troupe.

VARIETY WEEK AT AURORA

From Friday to Monday Aurora will show 'Arabian Nights' in technicolour, starring Maria Montez, Jon Hall and Sabu; and Bud Abbott and Lou Costello in three of their funny hits will be shown during the rest of the week. On Tuesday, 'Pardon My Sarong'; on Wednesday, 'Who Done It' and on Thursday 'It Ain't Hay'.

'Up In Arms', Samuel Goldwyn's technicolour musical is at Palace this week.

R.I.N. RATINGS HOME

One of the most modern and most hygienic buildings in Bombay—the new Cornwallis Fleet Club, on the corner of Wodehouse Road and Queens' Road, being built for the exclusive use of Royal Indian Navy ratings in Bombay, will be declared open by H.E. the Governor, on the 16th instant.

The new club will provide all the amenities most needed by a sailor when he comes ashore after arduous weeks at sea. On the ground floor will be two artistically-designed restaurants, vegetarian and non-vegetarian, with modern, comfortable furniture and concealed lighting. Adjoining these there will be a soft drink bar, a well-stocked library, a writing room and a two-table billiard room, as well as a large recreation hall complete with stage and dressing rooms.

Out-door exercise will be encouraged, too, and in the spacious grounds there will be tennis and badminton courts and a full-size basket-ball pitch.

On the first floor the whole space will be devoted to sleeping quarters. Here, a rating will get a bed, with lock-up cupboard for kit, and a shower in the tiled bathrooms, for a nominal charge.

All the expenses of building the club have been met by funds donated by the Viceroy and the Governor of Bombay and from private donations, and by a grant from the R.I.N. War Purposes Fund. To provide even more amenities for the ratings who will make this their home ashore, however, subscriptions are still needed. They should be sent to the Royal Indian Navy Office, Bombay, marked "For the Cornwallis Fleet Club."

NATIONAL WAR FRONT

Public meeting in connection with the National Savings Fortnight at 6-30 p.m. on MONDAY, the 8th January, 1945 at Shri SUNDERBAI MEMORIAL HALL, Queen's Road. Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, J.P., will preside. Mr. Fazal I. Rahimtoola, C.I.E., and Mr. M. V. Donde, B.A., will address the meeting.

Shamla Majgaonkar and Indukumar Parekh will sing and there will also be instrumental music by Sita Jhaveri.

All are cordially invited to attend.

REPEAT RUNS OF ENGLISH FILMS

New Empire Shows "The Impatient Years"

BY T. V. P.

"Ghost Catchers" at Regal, "Rainbow Island" at Eros, "Since You Went Away" at Excelsior and "Kismet" at Metro are continued for another week's run.

To the impatient girls and soldiers who rush into marriage, the screen brings for the first time, a story of marriage before combat and combat after marriage. Its Columbia's romantic comedy 'The Impatient Years' starring Jean Arthur, Lee Bowman and Charles Coburn at New Empire. It's to-morrow's love story as bright as the dawning sun.

It's one soldier's love story in a million. It's a million soldiers' love story in one. They met....married ....in four days....then separated for 18 months. It's tender....laughing....timely.

Excelsior: "Since You Went Away" (2nd week).

"SWING FEVER" AT STRAND

Strand patrons will find laughter, unrationed in M-G-M's 'Swing Fever' a musical with Kay Kyser, dance-band leader, as its star including Kyser's co-star, Marilyn Maxwell, and

VARIETY WEEK AT AURORA

From Friday to Monday Aurora will show 'Arabian Nights' in technicolour, starring Maria Montez, Jon Hall and Sabu; and Bud Abbott and Lou Costello in three of their funny hits will be shown during the rest of the week. On Tuesday, 'Pardon My Sarong'; on Wednesday, 'Who Done It' and on Thursday 'It Ain't Hay'.

'Up In Arms', Samuel Goldwyn's technicolour musical is at Palace this week.

University Of Bombay And Baria Trophy

The University of Bombay is participating this year in the Inter-University Cricket Tournament for the Robinton Baria Trophy. Bombay is due to meet Mysore in the Zonal Final on the 10th, 11th, and 12th January 1945. The match will be played at the Brabourne Stadium commencing at 11 a.m. each day. The winners will meet the winners of the North Zone at Lahore. The Finals will be played at Lahore from the 20th inst. onwards.

The trials for the selection of the Bombay University Team will commence on the 6th inst. on the Elphinstone College Ground. The selection of the Team will be made on the 8th inst. at 4 p.m.

Paper Control And Pool Or Competition Circulars

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, draws public attention to the provisions of the Paper Control (Economy) Order of 1944, which forbid any person to print, or make, or gratuitously or otherwise distribute, or cause to be distributed, any advertising circular of any description or any coupon or entry form relating to any pool or competition. An offender against these provisions is liable to up to three years' imprisonment or a fine, or both.

LITERACY TEACHERS ANNUAL SOCIAL

"Carry on the work of spreading literacy in a social spirit and give them the needed light said Mr. A. S. Ayangar Assistant Commissioner of Labour addressing the literacy workers on Monday last at the Naigam Welfare Centre. He further added that the real adult education will be imparted if the adult pupils also take part in such gaherings. The different items of the Variety Entertainment programme which were mostly staged by the workers themselves were very interesting. The Social was attended by nearly 500 workers.

2nd Smash Week!

EROS

India's most hygienic Theatre
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Phone: 22519

A South Sea musical of superlative splendour . . . packed with laughs, dances, music, love and spectacle!
Dorothy LAMOUR
Eddie BRACKEN,
Gil LAMB
in Paramount's
"RAINBOW ISLAND"
(in Technicolor)
Also—Latest War News

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
Ray MILLAND, Paulette GODDARD & John WAYNE
in Cecil B. DeMille's
"REAP THE WILD WIND"
(in Technicolor)

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE

M-E-T-R-O

Esplanade Rd., Tel. No. 31045
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Telephone Reservations between the hours of 12 noon & 4 P.M.

3rd SMASHING WEEK
The mightiest in entertainment! Brilliant stars .. Brings to you. Dances Action ... Romance ...
ALL IN TECHNICOLOR!
RONALD COLMAN
IN
"KISMET"
WITH
MARLENE DIETRICH
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
"KISMET"
AT REGULAR MATINEE PRICES

RANJIT'S Spectacular Production

Vish-Kanya

SADHONA BOSE, SURENDRA
PRITHVIRAJ & KAMLA
Director: KIDAR SHARMA
AJIT Release
ROYAL
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee 1-15
Advance Booking:
9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

She Has A Story To Tell!
SUSHILA RANI
in
DRAUPADI
11th WEEK at
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10 P. M.
Matinee 1-30 on Sundays

HAVE LESSONS IN FUN & FROLIC!
IN
JAYANT DESAI'S SCHOOL OF ENTERTAINMENT
LALKAR
Starring RAMOLA
ISHWARLAL MUBARAK, MAYA BANERJI
Daily 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
4TH WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
NEW WEST END

21st WEEK
MINERVA
FAMOUS RELEASE
DASSI
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Sat., Sun., Holidays: Matinees at 1-0.
Plans Open (Box, Balcony) 10—12.

PARADISE PRODUCT
Saffron, Zeera Pure Honey, Bunafsha, Dried & Tinned Fruits, Almonds, Shalajit, Mushrooms, Namdas, Tweeds, Pashminas, Wood Carving, Embroidery, & Paper Machine etc., from:—
KASHMIR GENERAL AGENCY, (E D.) Srinagar KMR.

2nd WEEK!
DAVID O. SELZNICK
presents
the screen's most distinguished cast in the great story of today's love and laughter, hopes and dreams . . .
Claudette COLBERT
Jennifer JONES
Joseph COTTEN
Shirley TEMPLE
Monty WOOLLEY
Lionel BARRYMORE
Robert WALKER
"Since You Went Away"
Produced by DAVID O. SELZNICK
Directed by JOHN CROMWELL
A Selznick International Picture
Released thru United Artists

EXCELSIOR
Daily: 4-30 and 8-45 p.m.
Rates: Rs. 3, 1-8, As. 12 (plus tax)
Complimentaries suspended

NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P. M.
JEAN ARTHUR
CHARLES COBURN
LEE BOWMAN

in
the Romantic Comedy
THE IMPATIENT YEARS
A Columbia Film

EDWARD FROM TO-DAY
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH'S GAYEST COMEDY!
"STATION MASTER"
PREM ADIB, RATNAMALA
Sunday Morning a 10 a.m.
GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE WOMAN

From TO-DAY
CITY LIGHT
Daily 4, 7 and 10. Sun. and Holidays 1 p.m.
JAYANT DESAI PRODUCTIONS
Mighty Devotional
BHAKTARAJ
VISHNUPANT PAGNIS, KAUSHALYA DIXIT, etc.
Directed by
JAYANT DESAI

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Jan. 4.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 1st January 1945:—

Allahabad 78 52 0.1, BOMBAY 86 67 0, Calcutta 81 59 0, Cawnpore 77 52 0.3, Cuttack nil nil nil, Darjeeling 48 37 0.6, Delhi 60 50 0.2, Dehra Dun 61 45 0.1, Jacobabad 72 40 0, Karachi 76 58 0, Lahore 61 37 0, Lucknow 79 52 0.3, Madras 85 67 0, Nagpur 88 67 0, Patna 80 53 0, Peshawar 69 37 0, Shillong 60 43 0, Simla 44 26 0.4.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

So long as you can, do not crush a single heart, for a sigh has power to overturn a world.

—Saadi.

The Bombay Chronicle

ANTI-INDIAN PROPAGANDA

There will not be much surprise among well-informed Indians at the revelations made by Mr. G. L. Mehta, Deputy Leader of the Indian Delegation to the International Businessmen's Conference in New York, about the tendentious propaganda carried on in America against the Indian National movement, particularly against the Congress. Many have suspected the existence of such propaganda throughout the war, particularly since the incarceration of Congress leaders and workers in 1942. To justify the regime of repression and the attempts to crush the Congress, anti-Indian propagandists have circulated all sorts of falsehoods and half-truths about Indian politics. Mr. Mehta's first-hand report only justifies our worst suspicions. "Lakhs of rupees from the Indian Treasury", he says, "are spent for this purpose apart from millions of pounds spent by the British propaganda machine, which seems to confuse and mislead American public opinion about the conditions and aspirations of India." And the worst of it is that subservient Indians have been chosen to do this unworthy job. And, as Mr. Mehta points out, "scores of lecturers are employed, pamphlets and literature distributed all over the country to show that Indian disunity stands in the way of her freedom and that the Congress and Gandhiji have been pro-Axis." It is not surprising, therefore, to learn that Mrs. Vijayaluxmi Pandit, who has told some plain truths plainly to Americans, is not to be introduced by the British Embassy or India's Agent-General to Mrs Roosevelt at the White House though a private meeting somewhere else is said to be possible.

However, it is perhaps no use expecting better things from the British Government. The pertinent question is how the anti-Indian propaganda in America is to be counteracted. It is fortunate that the American public is fairly sympathetic, though misled about India's real attitude towards the war. It is fortunate, too, that an India League of America has been started at New York to help the Indian cause of freedom and that a large number of prominent Americans including Pearl Buck, Prof Einstein and Louis Fischer have joined it. Mr. Mehta also points out that there are purely Indian bodies like National Committee for the Freedom of India under the chairmanship of Mr. Syed Hossain. The National Committee is now publishing a monthly called "Voice of India". There is finally the Indian Chamber of Commerce. All these institutions should be better co-odinated and be got to function as an effective link between America and India. The possibilities of commercial contacts between the two countries should also be fully explored. It, of course, follows that Indians should pay a great deal more attention to foreign propaganda than they have done so far. The best that is necessary is to counteract the lying propaganda against India.

For work on these lines the present time is fairly propitious. Pearl Buck rightly remarks that "India has become an immediate test case for world democracy in the eyes of all the darker peoples everywhere" and that "by what we do about India, democracy will stand or fall." As Mr. Syed Hossain points out in the course of an article in "Voice of India", "it is not too much to say that, in the eyes of Asia alike the moral leadership and the political prestige of the United States in the post-war world are bound up with the acid test of freedom for India" India's struggle for freedom and democracy is not her concern alone. It affects the cause of world freedom and democracy in general. It behoves us, therefore, not only to carry on our struggle through thick and thin but also to keep in close touch with those others who are anxious to work for that cause. World opinion is a force to be reckoned with in the struggle for the cause, especially where the struggle is non-violent. We should not let the judgment of the world go against us by default.

Frankly Speaking

New Greek Cabinet

Archbishop Damaskinos, who was accepted by all Greek parties as Regent, has succeeded in having a Government formed under General Plastiras. The question is whether the Regent will, through the new Premier and Government, manage to save the situation. General Plastiras is definitely not a man of the Left, indeed, a few days after his return from exile he publicly denounced the activities of ELAS and its refusal to yield to General Scoble. He is, moreover, described as a "strong militarist". When such a man is credited with the "determination to build up Greek forces," EAM might well wonder whether it would be safe to submit to his regime and whether, in fact, General Plastiras will not build up Greek forces on an anti-ELAS basis and for anti-EAM purposes. The Greek crisis is very far from settled yet.

Significant Moves

Admiral Nimitz has pointed out that the set-back in western Europe involving a change in the distribution of American supplies will affect the progress of the offensive against Japan. But it is not going to halt it at all. It continues to develop. General MacArthur's fresh landings on Mindoro are important, not only because they further underline the failure of the recent attempt of Jap naval forces against the Americans on that island. Now that Leyte has been cleaned the fact that General MacArthur is reinforcing his troops on Mindoro, where Jap resistance ceased long ago, suggests that he is building the two islands as the eastern and western bases for his next move. Both land and carrier-based aircraft have been active against the Japs from the Philippines to Formosa. These activities may well mean that the next move, the invasion of Luzon, will not be long delayed. Moreover, Admiral Nimitz is reported to be in Saipan and his warships and aircraft have, during the last two weeks or so, been particularly active against the Iwojima island, which, too, promises interesting developments. Iwojima, incidentally, is only 700 miles from Japan.

The Ardennes Battle

The battle on the Western front which Field-Marshal von Rundstedt started with his surprise offensive is now in its third week. The German commander has definitely failed in respect of his main and ambitious objectives. But the Americans, too, have failed, so far, to turn his gamble into a disaster. The signs are that while the initiative has passed to the Americans von Rundstedt is fighting his defensive battle in a safe and orderly manner. The American First Army is reported to have launched an offensive, supplementary to that of the Third Army, in the northern sector. This may result in the German salient being recaptured soon. But it is now doubtful if the Americans can now succeed in crushing the Germans between the two jaws. Von Rundstedt will, we fear, achieve an orderly escape.

Rundstedt Goes South

But he will do so after having done a good deal of harm which will prolong the war, especially in view of the fact that, according to latest reports, the Germans are working and fighting furiously to stabilise the Eastern Front before the Russians break into Austria or the Reich. But an interesting situation promises to develop south of the Ardennes front. Field-Marshal von Rundstedt has become aggressive on the American Seventh Army sector having already achieved at one point a five-mile penetration and forced General Patch to withdraw, as a precautionary measure, from his bridgehead inside Germany. It is not known whether von Rundstedt intends to extend the present local aggressiveness into a full-scale counter-offensive. But if he does it will present a challenge involving the same essential threat and the same opportunity to General Eisenhower as in the case of the Ardennes counter-offensive. But it will be a challenge which Eisenhower should be better able to meet than previously.

Which Is Worse?

Mrs. Vijayaluxmi Pandit stated at a meeting in New York: "Feeling satisfied with having accentuated the differences between the Hindus and Moslems, they (the British) are now concentrating on the Depressed Classes and creating further dissension and disunity in the country." But it is difficult to say who is to be pitied more, those who still maintain and tolerate the abomination of untouchability or those who take advantage of our folly. We agree with Mrs. Pandit that our communal prejudices cannot entirely disappear so long as the British dominate the country. But must untouchability, too, remain till the British domination is ended?

More Colleges

The attempts to start more Arts colleges in the Bombay Province are evidence of a welcome expansion of education even among the backward communities, which will doubtless receive more educational facilities with the addition of more high schools and colleges. One wishes that some of the new colleges could have been substituted by technical institutes, but these are a very costly affair and need considerable financial assistance from Government. Care, however, should be taken to see that every new college possesses as early as possible a well-equipped science section so as to make some technical instruction possible at a later date.

A College For Kanara

Care should also be taken to see that educational expansion is fairly even. So far Kanara district has gone without any college, though hundreds of its students are to be found in the colleges far outside the district and though there is a sufficiently large number of high schools in the district to justify the starting of a college. We welcome, therefore, the efforts of the leaders of Kanara to start a college in the district and wholeheartedly endorse their appeal to the people of the district for financial and other help to their undertaking. Though the district is poor, there are, we are told, several temple trusts and Maths which can well afford to give generous contributions to such a worthy scheme. We wish the scheme every success.

HINDU-MUSLIM DIFFERENCES MAGNIFIED

A. R. Siddiqi Says All Sections In India Demand Independence

NEW YORK, Jan. 4: Asserting that the differences between Hindus and Muslims of India have been given importance out of all proportion, Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, ex-Mayor of Calcutta, yesterday declared: "So far as the freedom of the country is concerned, there is no section among the population which does not want it. The Muslims want it more than others, for they come into clash with Imperialistic and Colonial Powers at every corner of the earth."

In a speech at a meeting of the "One World Citizen League", (named as memorial to Wendell Willkie) Mr. Siddiqi declared: "Freedom in commerce and freedom to establish our own industries, unhampered by any other interested party is also a universal desire. Where we do differ is in the share of each in representation on elective bodies and in administrative facts. An equitable solution of these two aspects of our public life should not be difficult.

Given the opportunity, we shall find that solution even if it is by way of partition with agreed understanding on matters of joint interest. How we will settle our domestic affairs is our own business in which outsiders should cease to feel interested. We are quite capable of coming to an understanding. Left to ourselves, self-interest will force us to come to an accord and present day difficulties will disappear in no time.

We claim that if members of the United Nations group are fighting this global war for the establishment of democracy and extermination of dictatorships, Imperialistic, Colonial or otherwise it is time they declared openly and unequivocally that domination of one people over another shall come to end in the post-war world, if not immediately. If this is not done, the war will have been fought in vain and this war will not be the last one in history.—Reuter.

PUNJAB LEAD FOR DETENUS' RELEASE

Khan Saheb Welcomes Civil Liberties' Union's Joint Campaign

LAHORE, Jan. 4.

Welcoming the Punjab Civil Liberties Union's joint campaign for the release of detenus and the removal of restrictions in which the Union has been "able to secure co-operation of the League as well as Congress members of the Legislative Assembly" Dr. Khan Saheb in the course of a statement says:

"I hope this unity on limited issue will lead to a greater unity of progressive forces in the country for freedom which is the common demand of all."—United Press.

Poona Congressmen's Confidence In Gandhiji

POONA, Jan. 4.

Full confidence in Mahatma Gandhi's leadership, policy and programme was expressed at a meeting of the Poona City Congress Committee which met here, to-day, under the Presidentship of Mr. V. P. Limaye.

The meeting decided to enroll 25,000 Congress members by the end of March and collect a sum of Rs. 5,000 to help the constructive programme and other activities of the Committee.

The meeting also celebrated the 51st birthday of Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee, now in detention at Ahmednagar and decided to send a message of felicitation to him.—A. P.

20 Madras Detenus Released

MADRAS, Jan. 4: It is officially stated that the perodical review of the cases of political detenus in the province is now complete with the recent release of 20 persons including Mr. V. V. Giri, a former Congress Minister and four former Parliamentary Secretaries. The present review has led to the release of 150 detenus and the cases of those still in detention numbering about 100 will come up for consideration by the middle of May or June next.—A. P.

EX-MANAGER OF "NATIONAL HERALD" RELEASED

LUCKNOW, Jan. 4: Mr. T. N. Singh, former Manager of the "National Herald", Lucknow, who had been under detention since 1942 under D. I. R., has been released.—A. P.

HYDARI MISSION FOR LONDON

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 4

Hydari Mission consisting of Sir Akbar Hydari, Secretary, Civil Supplies, General K. M. Loch, Master-General, Ordnance, A. A. Waugh, Secretary, Supply and Mohd. Ali representing Finance Department are leaving for London shortly in connection with supplies of consumers and other goods.

As already reported the mission will primarily discuss the question of supplies for Defence services with a view to prevent further straining of Indians economy. The proposal is to make H. M. Government responsible for supplies of Defence services used for conquest of Burma.

Mr. H. M. Patel at present joint secretary of Civil Supplies will officiate for Sir A. Hydari during the latter's absence.

Indians & Burma

To meet Sir Paw Tun, Adviser to the Governor of Burma, Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim gave a tea party at the Cricket Club of India on Thursday. Mr. Abdul Latiff, welcoming Sir Paw Tun on behalf of Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim, said that Sir Paw Tun was one of those Burma leaders who had equally at heart the welfare of Burmans and Indian. Sir Paw Tun in reply, said that Indians and Burmans must march together to gain their common end of freedom. He gave an assurance on behalf of his fellow-countrymen that they would fully reciprocrate the goodwill of Indians.

PROCUREMENT OF FOOD GRAINS BY GOVERNMENT

Cultivators Hard Hit By Anomalies And Injustices Of Levy System

(By Mr. A. B. LATTHE, Ex-Finance Minister, Government of Bombay).

Last year the procurement of foodgrains by Government agencies was not based on any definite principles. This was so especially in respect of the quantity of grains each individual cultivator or holder was to sell to Government. This quantity was, therefore, determined by the authorities with the help of nominated committees. That this system, depending as it did on the honesty, common sense and knowledge of the subordinate revenue staff and the committees selected practically by themselves, led to many vagaries is undoubted. Mr. Butter's report, recently published, admits that there was general inefficiency and even corruption in the administration of the Food Department. Government seem to have realised this and a mathematically accurate system of ascertaining the quantity of foodgrains each land-owner or cultivator is to supply has been the result. This is what is called the Levy System, an attempt to apply strict rules, evolved by Government, to the determination of the quantity to be procured. Unfortunately, however, the remedy adopted for this year is worse than the disease sought to be cured. The 'Levy' scheme looks logical, almost perfect. But whether it is logic or mathematics, it is bound to be misleading unless based on accurate premises.

ANOMALIES IN ASSESSMENT

The 'levy' assumes that the classification of lands by the Settlement Officers, the assessment of Land Revenue by them, and the annual "anewari" are accurate indices to the grain-yielding capacity of the lands in question. In fact, all these assumptions are far from being what they are supposed to be. The result is that the Levy System has led to graver difficulties than its predecessor, the rule of thumb, adopted last year. Supposing an acre is assessed at Rs. 2 and another acre is assessed at Rs. 4, the conclusion would be that the latter yields twice as much as the former. It is often not so. And yet the 'levy' system would require the latter to pay twice as much as the former! In the existing conditions, this mathematical calculation is prolific in anomalies.

In the Bailhongal Taluka, I am told, directions were issued requiring cotton-cultivation not to exceed one fourth of the area of a holding, the remainder being brought under food grain crops. It is on the assumption that these directions have been carried out that the expectations of foodgrain produce have been framed. The directions themselves are extremely unjust, inasmuch as they take no account of the fitness of the land to grow particular crops.

DEMANDS EXCEED YIELD

Three-fourths of certain lands may not be capable of profitable grain-cultivation. Some portions of a holding can at the best grow groundnuts, grams, etc., but not jowar or wheat. The need of growing crops by rotation also makes it impossible that the remaining non-cotton portion should all be used for the cultivation of specified millets. All these points are ignored and each holder is now being asked to sell to Government quantities of jwari, bajri or wheat expected to be grown in the entire land. This is bound to lead to demands out of all proportion to the actual yield of that land.

I have made enquiries about the situation in some of the eastern talukas of the Belgaum District and at least in some cases, I find that the demand by the 'Levy' authorities exceeds the total expected or realised yield of the lands. I asked the people concerned to approach the Collector and submit all the facts to him so that he may see his way to make demands which the persons concerned can meet consistently with their admitted needs. One group of villagers asked me if such an approach to the Collector would be permissible. I was surprised with the question and asked them what made them ask this to me. The answer was that the lower officers like the Circle Inspector told them that it was an offence to complain against the 'Levy' notice!

VICIOUS CIRCLE

Our village ryots are mostly ignorant and timid people. The rule which the lower Government staff follows in their dealings with them is that it is the only one which the ryots can understand, that all they say is false and that all that the lowest man in service says is Gospel truth. I do not think that ryots are all honest. But the main reason of their untruthfulness is the experience they have with the officers. This vicious circle, officers being heedless of ryots' complaints and the ryots being unwilling to tell the truth to officers, has got to be broken up if the administration, particularly like that of the Food Department, is to be run on just lines.

The capacity of each individual holder must be ascertained and the 'levy' determined in relation to it. This is, indeed, a very huge task, a task beyond the capacity of general rules or of the higher officers whose desire to be just may be the meanest. But, in a matter like the compulsory procurement of foodgrains, so vitally affecting the life of the ryots, the task has to be performed, and performed satisfactorily. If things are allowed to drift and if the orders issued by mathematicians in the Secretariat are to create the anomalies such as the 'Levy' system is so generally producing, the villagers will have to suffer very heavily.

OBVIOUS REMEDY

How can this be avoided? So long as the present disregard of public opinion continues, so long as the principle is that official reports are the only ascertainable truth and people's grievances are to be disposed of by reticence on the explanations given by those who are complained against, I see little hope. If you convince an officer that a rule is wrong, he points his finger to one higher than himself till you go to the Central Government, which is itself an unapproachable, unanalysable, unemotional, machine and the rule in the meanwhile goes on working out its own injustice, and in some cases its own tyranny. The remedy is obvious, but it is one which Government do not seem inclined to adopt.

necessary that all the producers should form themselves into an association. That is the only way through which such producers can exert their influence upon the Government and cause her to protect our national producers from foreign competitors. Through that association such producers can also secure the help of All-India Steel Associations to that effect.

National screw producers are invited to correspond with the undersigned in order to explore means to combat the crisis.

P. S. KALSEY.

P. O. Box No. 64,
Amritsar

Our Readers' Views

"Dr. Moonje's Advice"

Sir—In this chaos of political Babel, we call India, sometimes such fantastic and absurd theories are preached by sufficiently respectable people, that it makes one laugh. This was the impression at least I had when going through the lines of Smt. Nimpana Bose's "Dr. Moonje's Advice" in today's "Bombay Chronicle." The advice given by that great champion of Hindu cause is not only divorced from the grim realities of life, but a movement against current. Even among Muslims, where polygamy is permitted, the permission is given under as much of restrictions and purely out of necessity, that its application in the present economical and social condition of the country is almost unjustifiable, and that's primarily why we find so little of it among the cultured and educated section of the Muslims. As a matter of fact the thing is not encouraged socially also. Islam allows polygamy not for the creative purposes so much as the protection of this weaker sex in a state where war or such other conditions have made the balance of population uneven. This is the impression derived from the marriages of the Prophet. Dr. Moonje's advice to adopt the principle is not only absurd from this point of view but the economical condition of the country with its already famine-stricken and under-fed population suggests measures just in the opposite direction. It is high time somebody had sense enough to do the right thing instead of people like Dr. Moonje wasting their night's peace and breath on population-phobia.

Z. M. SHAMSI.

Baroda, Dec. 12.

Catholic Youth Conference

Sir,—Permit me to bring to the notice of your Catholic readers certain salient features of the Catholic Youth Conference held today at the St. Xaviers College Hall with Dr. Rebello in the chair.

The conference did not represent the Catholic youth of Bombay. It consisted of the yesmen of the clergy, the conveners of the conference selecting their own goody goody gentlemen to speak on resolutions anti-Indian and anti-Communist in character.

The Chairman from the very start became autocratic by disallowing any amendments to the resolutions—a procedure unprecedented in the history of any conference held in democratic countries.

The time limit set by the Chairman was a varying factor depending on the speaker concerned. If the speaker happened to be for the resolution then the time limit was relaxed; while the opponents were hastily hustled into silence even before time, the chairman probably being afraid of the scientific exposition of the subject by the opposing speakers.

From the start to finish the conveners of the conference conducted themselves, under the guidance of the clergy, in order to carry the day all in their own way.

Bombay Dec. 27.

J. J. Miranda.

Car Lifts

A number of suburban residents meet with genuine hardships to travel to and from Bombay. It is, however, curious to see that in spite of this difficulty, cars running on Ghodbunder Road go without giving a lift to the people waiting for trains and buses. It would be no exaggeration to say that on an average a car has accommodation for extra two people and in spite of the same, they go without giving a lift to the suburban residents. Cannot the public spirit of these people be aroused to the occasion and to their sense of neighbourly duty?

It would equally be worthwhile to remind them of the obligation under which they are to the public for the rationed petrol that they get.

GOPAL KRISHNA.

Matriculation Paper-Setters And Moderators

Mr. M. V. Donde deserves a tribute for his spirited vindication of the honour of secondary teachers at the Bombay Provincial Headmasters' Conference held in Bombay during this week. He has done a great service by his emphatic protest against the preposterous recommendation of the sub-committee appointed to suggest measures for the restoration of academic purity after the disclosure of malpractices at the last Matriculation Examination. The sub-committee is reported to have recommended the appointment of college professors as paper-setters and moderators, as far as possible. True, the qualifying phrase has taken a little out of the sting, but the insinuation is a reflection on the integrity of secondary teachers, and they cannot take it lying down. It is difficult to understand the Committee's reasons for their decision regarding the unfitness of secondary teachers for appointment as paper-setters and moderators. Did the Committee think that they are likely to succumb to temptation, because of their economic condition? Are they more liable to bribery and corruption than men in high places and better circumstances? Are they incompetent to set test in the subjects which they teach in their schools? Moral integrity is independent of circumstances, and unethical persons are found in all classes.

It is hoped that the Senate will see the unwisdom of the recommendation and turn it down when it comes up for consideration at the February session.

S. G. KOCHREKAR.

An Appeal To Screw Manufacturers

The appearance of the present slump in screw market has reasonably caused apprehension within the minds of our screw producers such producers cared to take initiative, for the supply was considerably cut short due to war. Cloak of war would have been sufficient to save their skin from foreign competition, but unfortunately, it could not stand in good stead. This is the time when this industry required nursing at the hands of the Government. But this right has neither been demanded by such producers nor is it afforded by Government. The sequence of this is that certain screw producing firms have come to grief.

Now in order to arrest the attention of the Government and to better their lot, which is busy with the war, it is

MAHATMA ON MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

Sin Against Motherland To Inflict On Children Tongue Other Than Their Mother's

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 4.

"I have no doubt whatsoever that if those who have the education of the youth in their hands will but make up their minds, they will discover that the mother tongue is as natural for the development of the man's mind as mother's milk is for the development of the infant's body", writes Mahatma Gandhi in a foreword to a revised brochure entitled "The Medium of Instruction" brought out by Principal S. N. Agarwal.

"How can it be otherwise?", asks Mahatma Gandhi. "The babe takes its first lesson from its mother. I, therefore, regard it as a sin against the motherland to inflict upon her children a tongue other than their mothers' for their mental development."

Continuing Gandhiji writes: "Principal Shriman Narayan Agarwal's treatise is timely and should go a long way in dispelling the fear and distrust about the possibility and desirability of giving the highest instruction through the mother tongue. For me it is tragic that such an obvious truth requires arguing. Although Principal Agarwal imbibed all that his ambition could desire of the English language, he never allowed his love of the mother tongue to be displaced by his regard for English. He is, therefore, well equipped for the mission which he has made his own. I hope that he will not rest till the mother tongue in the various provinces have come into their own."

UNIVERSITIES MUST ACT

In the course of an interview to the 'United Press' Principal Agarwal expressed satisfaction at a resolution passed by the All-India Educational Conference at Cawnpore regarding the desirability of imparting the highest instruction through the mother tongue. He said: "But the time for only passing pious resolutions is over. The Universities should now introduce the mother tongue media without further delay.—United Press.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Many a farmer earns his bread by the sweat of his hired man's brow.

* * *

Two men may live together in peace and friendship, but two women never.

* * *

Beware of the man whose dog crawls under the house when his master enters the gate.

* * *

A restaurant patron says that you will not be well fed unless the waiter is well fed.

* * *

An old bachelor says that worship of the fair sex requires a great many human sacrifices.

* * *

It's the easiest thing in the world for one man to forget the mean advantage he took of another.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Recently we came under the lash of the writer, Mr. Beverley Nichols, who criticised our art designs with a ready tongue. I do not want to enter into an argument with Mr. Nichols. He will find much room for that nearer home in the Albert Memorial and other buildings.

—Sir John Colville

* * *

Sir Chunilal Mehta reports how the Government of India were lukewarm about a Commercial and Navigation Treaty with the U.S.A. as proposed at the International Business Conference.

Instead of grousing Indian businessmen should be grateful that the Government of India were only lukewarm and didn't boil over with rage.

* * *

Mr. G. L. Mehta, just back from America, reveals that Mrs. Roosevelt has expressed her inability to receive Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit at the White House.

Instead of being astonished, we are glad that Lord Halifax and Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai have justified their *raison-d'etre*.

* * *

Mr. Mehta also reveals that the services of Mr. Beverley Nichols have been acquired to enlighten American public opinion on India.

Which is quite appropriate. Who could better fill the place of the well-known female kate, the late Miss Katherine Mayo?

* * *

Mr. Beverley Nichols will, of course, be taken to the White House by the noble Earl Halifax himself with, perhaps, Sir Frederick Puckle zealously at his heels.

But we do hope Mrs. Roosevelt doesn't commit a first class diplomatic blunder by having with her at the same time Mr. William Phillips—and—Colonel Louis Johnson.

* * *

The "Daily Mail" of London declares that black-marketing in Britain has to-day assumed "the proportions of a national scandal."

This is impossible. It is simply out of the question that such a thing should happen in an advanced and patriotism-saturated socially conscious country like Britain.

And even if the report be true, India shouldn't have been told. What will we natives think!

* * *

On the desire of Britain and America, Turkey has broken off relations with Japan in order to deny the Japs an important observation post.

There is, however, no truth in the suggestion that Britain and America are about to make a—er—friendly approach to Russia for similar action and with the same object.

* * *

Rumour Kill[illegible]nard Shaw
—Headline.

The veteran of innumerable propaganda battles had, however, no difficulty in killing the rumour itself promptly and most effectively.

* * *

"What made you think he was drunk, officer?"

"Well, he was complaining that the tram was on the wrong side of the road, sir."

Ultimatum To Karachi Engineering College

KARACHI, Jan. 4: The Government of Sind, it is understood, has addressed the management of the N. E. D. Engineering College, Karachi, that with effect from the next academic year commencing from June 1945, 50 per cent of their seats in the college should be allotted to Muslim students failing which their annual grant amounting to Rs. 34,000 would be discontinued.—A. P.

Students From Indian States

An approach to the proper authorities regarding the levy of special rate of fees from students coming from Indian States is long called for. It is the practice followed by the Government of Bombay that students coming from Indian States and other provinces have to pay extra fees, if they desire to study at any of the Government colleges or institutes. The discrimination prevails not only in regard to payment of fees but also in regard to admission to medical, engineering and such other colleges or institutes. A college in Bombay gives first preference in admission to persons born in Bombay. A college in Sind gives first preference to Sindhis and if non-Sindhis get a chance, extra fees have to be paid for this state of affairs deserves close attention of all educationists in British and State territories. There is necessity of uniform policy so far as colleges affiliated to one and the same university are concerned. The matter should be handled by the Chamber of Princes or State organisations. The careers of many bright and promising state students should not be jeopardised by the uncalled for discriminatory attitude of the authorities. Concerted action should also be taken to start professional colleges and other educational institutions at different centres in state territories.

KANTILAL KORA.

Artificial Fertilisers

I have read with great interest the U. K. Mission's report on above and am strongly in favour of factories being established for the same in different parts of India by private enterprise for reasons, amongst others, the following:—

(1) The Government will not be able to work this effectively, much less economically, and the case of Kalyan Power House which it handed over to Messrs. Tatas, is before our eyes.

(2) A single factory will have to collect almost all raw materials from all over the country, whereas factories in different parts will be suitably located at places where most of the raw materials are near at hand.

(3) The transportation cost of the single factory will be very heavy indeed, if it is set up in a big central station.

(4) If the factory is affected, per chance, by earthquake, sabotage, strikes and such other natural and unavoidable causes, the production for the whole of India will be stopped.

(5) One another point to note is floods which sometimes inundate not only countryside but also cities and the industry is paralysed on account of damage and absence of labour.

(6) Factories situated at different places will not only study and cater local needs on the spot, but will also be able to train local men for all purposes.

J. B. TANTRA.

Plight Of Clerks

Grievances of clerks in commercial concerns like insurance offices, banks, shipping companies and private firms are hardly known to the public in their grim reality, but when the situation is getting absolutely out of hand the sense of mutual compromise is cruelly set aside by stubborn authority and when judgment and sympathy is not used but authority and power are abused then there is no recourse but to demand JUSTICE from the world at large.

I beg to state below a few of the great hardships experienced by distressed clerks.

What is the material good and advantage to employees if they are paid 20 p.c. dearness allowance when the cost of living and prices have gone up by 300 p. c. to 500 p. c? It is a shame that educated middle class clerks are paid much less than even labourers. It would not be out of point to mention that labourers can resort to their very effective ways and means to have their grievances redressed and demand adequate wages to maintain themselves and their families. I ask in the name of humanity, when all repeated appeals to the managements of institutions fail to obtain relief for poor clerks what are these poor humans to do, save to appeal to the conscience of their fellow men and women at large? It is a patent fact that profits of all concerns are simply booming; but whe profits, surely NOT the poor clerks. Even the basic salaries of the superior staff are absolutely extravagant compared with the miserable pittance paid to poor clerks; and besides, all sorts of allowances such as family, house, car, tax allowance, etc., etc., are being lavishly paid to the big guns! These latter are hardly ever confronted with the daily problems of food, milk, medicines, clothes, provisions, etc., and so they never feel the pangs of high cost of living; besides, by virtue of their position they manage to get most of their necessities easily. Mr. Editor, we do not envy their lot; but is it not high time to protest against this mere lip sympathy of the so-called "sympathetic" employers, when clerks have to perform their daily hard work from 10 a.m. till late hours at night for such bosses on such disgracefully low scales of remuneration?

In conclusion, I beg to add that all who have read particularly ALL CLERKS'—the correspondence published recently, from the pen of Mr. B. J. J. Curseji (the Hon. Genl. Secretary of the National Bank of India Clerks' Union), should come forward to give Mr. Curseji their wholehearted support in the mission (of forming Clerks' Union) that he has undertaken to help to achieve.

I hope that my appeal will come to the notice of the different commercial bodies through their associations, and I beg of them to take up and champion the cause of poor Indian Clerks, get redressed their terrible distress, and make their lives worthwhile to live.

Bombay, POOR CLERK.

'Summon Art To Aid Our Struggle For Freedom'

Scope And Ideals Of People's Theatre

Inaugurating the Bombay People's Theatre Conference at the C. J. Hall last evening, Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanji stressed the need of a people's theatre in Bombay and other parts of India for the development of Indian art and culture. He hoped that in the course of time, the Government and Municipal bodies would see their way to support the movement for the establishment of such theatres. Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided. Mama Warerkar, Mr. C. C. Mehta and Mr. Prithviraj Kapoor formed the presidium.

The audience was treated to an extremely delightful programme of art and music provided by a troop of seventeen artists under the efficient direction of Mr. Shanti Bardhan. Mr. S. A. Brelvi announced that Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanji had donated a sum of Rs. 500 to the People's Theatre Association.

Art And Freedom

Mr. S. A. Brelvi in the course of his presidential speech said that that society was best ordered where there was perfect harmony between Life and Art. Men and women could not realize their lives fully without the aid of Art. Nor could there be true Art unless it was vitally related to life. The vast majority of their fellow-countrymen did not live but merely exist, being deprived of the joy of living, oppressed by the humiliations of political subjection and haunted by the fear of want and economic insecurity. And Art in India was, for the most part, divorced from life. The problem before them was thus a two-fold one. They had, in the first place, to win their political freedom so that they might use it to secure for all of them freedom from want, freedom from fear and all those other invaluable freedoms which make life worth living for men and women. They had, again, not only to summon Art to aid them in winning and using all these freedoms but also to harmonize it with their lives. The revolutionary time they were living in, when world-shaking events followed one another in quick and bewildering succession must lift their thoughts upto the heights on which alone true poets and dramatists could be bred. The Indian People's Theatre movement had, therefore, been brought into being at an opportune moment. Referring to present day Indian drama, Mr. Brelvi said: "I do not wish to dwell on the present state of our drama. Much has been said about its degeneration. Some good plays have, indeed, been written and are being written, but can we claim that present-day Indian drama has reached the heights which the political, economic and social upheavals of our time would lead one to expect? Have our dramatists played their proper role as inspirers of these upheavals or have they been inspired by them in their own work? Many of our leaders, who guide the movements for political, economic and social freedoms, have still to realize that the masses can be awakened to the urgency of remedying political, economic and social wrongs through the inspiration of cultural pursuits.

The People's Theatre movement is not only bridging the gulf between Art and the people but it is also helping to hasten the day of political freedom by bringing home to the people the potency of political power and the need for unity and organization to win that political power.

Whether we like it or not the film has become a great and growingly formidable rival of drama. Drama will live and can never die. But it will never hope to win the hold over the minds and hearts of the people which the film is fast acquiring.

MIGHTY CULTURAL FORCE

The Indian film has made a very valuable contribution to the evolution of our national language. But, apart from this, its incalculable potentialities as a cultural force have not been adequately realized. It may even be said that the effectiveness of its appeal to the people has, not seldom, done more harm than good. The People's Theatre movement by making the right use of the film can give a lead to producers of Indian film and thus help to make it what it can and should become a mighty cultural force.

BLOT ON BOMBAY'S ESCUTCHEON

After paying a tribute to the work done by the People's Theatre Association in raising funds for Bengal famine relief Mr. Brelvi said: "The work of the Association has naturally been handicapped owing to the absence of theatres, publicly owned and controlled and constructed on scientific lines with necessary arrangements in regard to sanitation, light and air. A city like Bombay, with its great resources, should have not one but a dozen municipal theatres in different localities. It is a measure of the contribution our representatives in the Municipal Corporation have made to the promotion of culture that there is not a single such theatre in Bombay. Let us hope this blot on the escutcheon of Bombay will soon be removed.

"Yours is a People's Theatre movement and it has been sponsored by men and women belonging to all shades of political opinion. It has come to stay and I have no doubt it will grow in popularity and strength from day to day. But, need I say that it will do so only if it continues to retain its character as a people's movement and does not give to a party what is meant for the people?"

Theatre And Life

With Mr. C. C. Mehta, the well-known Gujerati playwright, who spoke next, the theatre was not a hobby or a "thrill" but Life and Soul. He said: "It is a thing which is always dynamic because it grows. It grows as life grows. The theatre will cease to grow only when human life ceases to grow. I need not enter into any academic discussions about the necessity or the importance of a theatre. No argument is necessary now to justify its existence, even when it has heroically outlived the onslaught of the screen.

"Shaw speaks of the theatre as more important than the Church. To my mind, it spreads more enlightenment than the University. It is an academy in itself, a true seat of learning, a potent medium in shaping the thought and moulding the life of men. It is not merely a means for affording entertainment, nor should it be used as an instrument for propaganda. I believe that the theatre should be an academic institution, a 'Natakshala' in the true sense of the word."

He further said: 'The function of the Theatre will be to present life—real and ideal—with all its different and differing aspects. What is important is that the production should be complete as one organic whole. People will find solutions of various problems of life. The artist will watch the reactions of the production on the people. The performance will prove a school of learning both for the people and the producers and a living and suitable contact will be established between both."

There are a number of colleges in the city and a good number of schools. All of them produce theatricals every year either for a social or a religious purpose and waste not less than Rs. 500 per show. I do not take into consideration other concerts and play productions put up by non-colleagians. My figures are that not less than Rs. 15,000 are spent as rent per year. Multiply this figure by ten and you will some to a figure which would be a respectable sum for a little theatre of our own, entirely under our control.

Pardon me, if I advocate a few don'ts to my younger friends, particularly to the charming sex. I should appeal them not to go out and sell tickets and get exploited by sponsors of mercenary shows. I would request them instead, to devote greater attention to the cause of dramatics and boldly take to actual performances.

The theatre is a sacred place, and we should do nothing to lower its dignity. May I appeal to you not to co-operate under any circumstances when the theatre is being exploited for charitable purposes. It is misuse of charity and prostitution of art. Do I take it, friends, that our concience has got so debased that it can be roused only by extravagant shows and concerts to serve the cause of famine or a flood, memorials, or education? In trying to serve art and charity, we only succeed in ill-serving both. Friends, please don't go from house to house and sell tickets whatever may be the cause and thus cheapen the theatre. It is a sacred place and you must so create an atmosphere that all feet wind their way towards it, out of interest and enthusiasm."

PEOPLE'S THEATRE EPITOMIZES SPIRIT OF INDIA

(By Our Art Critic)

"The Spirit of India" which was the major item on the variety programme of the first session of the Bombay People's Theatre Conference held at the Sir C. J. Hall last evening proved to be a major attraction. It demonstrated through suggestive actions, movements and sound effects the misery and poverty of the Indian people—the grim realities of the day—brought about by mechanized industrialism and other factors, ending on a note of hope and joy secured by united action.

The ballet, which is skilfully composed and was ably produced, clearly indicated what the People's Theatre stands for and what it can now claim as the oreditable achievement. "Ram-Leela" was another item which deserves notice for its efficient presentation. "Washermen's Dance" was a lively group dance and so was the dance of "Lumbadi." The "spirit of the Drum" which came next to Iybal's "Hindustan Hamara" was an index to the programme which portrayed the gradual re-assertion of India's spirit of patriotism; and patriotism was again the leading note of a few songs which were interspersed between the dance and ballet items. The seventeen artistes, who form a solid group, went through the various items with feelings and complete freedom; because they themselves happen to be people of conviction and thought and actuated with the noble motive of contributing their mite to the movement of India's economic stability and political freedom.

D. G. V.

Today's Programme At C. J. Hall

Mama Warerker will speak on "The Marathi stage and the people." There will be a programme of selected and representative items of folk dances and songs, a "Tamasha" (village opera) in Marathi, a playlet in Konkni, 'powadas' in Marathi and other items in Gujerati and Hindustani.

The secretaries write to request all those attending the conference to be punctually in their seats five minutes before seven.

NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY.

NEW ISSUE OVERSUBSCRIBED

It is reported that the fresh issue of Capital of Rs. 20 lacs divided into 40,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 50/- each at a premium of Rs. 10/- per share recently announced by the Bank has been oversubscribed and the allotment is expected to be made by the middle of January, '45.

It is also reported that the Bank shares will hereafter be quoted on the Bombay Stock Exchange.

"IT DESTROYS FRUSTRATION"

Aney On Sapru Committee Questionnaire

MADRAS, Jan. 4.

Mr. M. S. Aney, Indian Agent General in Ceylon, commenting on the Sapru Committee questionnaire, in an interview to the Associated Press, said "it is a good move because it destroys something of the frustration that everybody in India is suffering from."

Mr. Aney said that it, moreover, demonstrated that there were more than a set of ways to look at and solve the Indian problem. "It will create sound world opinion and I believe that it is not merely the strength of our own case but the strength of enlightened world opinion in our favour that will be of the highest value to our cause. The dispassionate way in which the Committee is to deal with the problem will go a long way to frame enlightened public opinion and to that extent it is an important move", he added.

Mr. Aney declined to reply to a question whether he would be submitting his views on the questionnaire.—A. P.

MOVE FOR PAN-AFRICAN CONFERENCE

NAIROBI, Jan. 4.

Kenya today asked the British Government to invite General Smuts to arrange a Pan-African Conference immediately.

This follows similar requests from Southern Rhodesia and Northern Rhodesia.

Introducing Kenya's request in the Legislative Council the leader of European elected members Mr. A. Vincent said the Secretary for Colonies had himself admitted that planning for Africa should be done in Africa: His answer to the motion now before the Council would be the acid test of the Imperial Government's sincerity."—Reuter.

Allied Progress On Adriatic Coast

From Reuter's special correspondent Headquarters, Fifteenth Army Group, Italy:—

General Foulke's new drive on the Adriatic wing of the Eighth Army front has now reached a point only three miles from the inland lagoon of Valli di Comacchio. Pushing forward vigorously yesterday, seasoned Canadians, supported by British tanks, captured the little village of Conventello, then advanced northeastwards some two miles further towards San Alberto on Valli di Comacchio.

The Germans still holding Portocorsini on the Adriatic coast are now practically cut off.—Reuter.

General Motors Workers

The General Secretary, Bombay Iron and Steel Workers' Union writes: "Six hundred workers from the General Motors of India Limited, Sewree, were discharged by the Company on the 2nd instant. There was no previous notice to the workers of this mass unemployment. Amongst these discharged workers, there are old workers of 3 or 4 years of service, while the raw and new hands of 3 or 4 months are retained in the service. It is learned that about one thousand more are to be retrenched on account of shortage of work.

Workers both discharged and still in service are very much restive because of sudden unemployment. The Bombay Iron and Steel Workers' Union is representing their case for receiving the notice pay and the retrenchment according to seniority.

Sir Sultan Ahmed's Health

PATNA, Jan. 4.—A bulletin on the health of Sir Sultan Ahmed, member for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, issued today by his attending physicians says: "Sir Sultan Ahmed on his way to Delhi had a violent attack of giddiness on the second morning at Moghalsarai. He was brought back to Patna on the second evening. He is cheerful and is expected to be his normal self in about a couple of days.—A. P.

Sir B. N. Rau To Draft Bill To Levy Estate Duty

JAMMU, (Kashmir), Jan. 4: At the request of His Excellency the Viceroy Sir B. N. Rau's services have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India for a period of about two months, states an Order issued by His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir.

During Sir B. N. Rau's absence from the State, Khan Bahadur Mirza Jaffar Ali Khan will officiate as Prime Minister in addition to his duties as Development Minister.

It is understood that Sir B. N. Rau will prepare a draft bill to levy an Estate Duty.—A. P.

Popularising Wheat In Madras Province

NEW DELHI, Jan. 4: To encourage the consumption of wheat and ease the pressure on the supply of rice, the Madras Government, it is learnt have decided to sell wheat at subsided rates. The estimated loss is about Rs. 32 lakhs a year which would be borne by the Government.

Another step adopted by Madras to popularise wheat is to declare wheat a rationed article in Malabar and in 15 towns of the Madras Province. A special officer has been appointed to popularise wheat in Malabar and arrangements are being made to extend the system to other districts.—A. P.

Karnatak Peoples' Protest

SANGLI, Jan. 3: The Karnatak Literary Conference held at Rabkavi during the week-end passed a resolution disapproving the inclusion of Belary District within the jurisdiction of the proposed Andhra University and the inclusion of parts of North Karnatak in the sphere of the proposed Maharashtra University. The conference viewed with displeasure the inclusion of some of the parts of the Karnatak Province within the scheme of unification of the Deccan States, with a view to having a common federation and asked the Karnatak people to oppose such a move.—A. P.

Request To Jinnah Not To Come To Ahmedabad!

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 4

It is reliably learnt, from local Muslim League circles, that a serious split has occurred in the Reception Committee of the Gujarat Muslim Educational Conference to be held in the next week. It is further learnt that a deputation of rival group is going to Bombay to see Mr. Jinnah and request him not to come to Ahmedabad to perform the opening ceremony of the Conference.

ANEY TO PRESIDE

Vijayaraghavachariar Memorial Meeting

MADRAS, Jan. 4

Mr. M. S. Aney, Government of India's representative in Ceylon has arrived at Madras and is leaving this evening for Salem to preside over the inaugural meeting of the Committee appointed to create a national memorial for the late Mr. Vijayaraghavachariar, ex-Congress President.—A. P.

SCIENTISTS PLUMP FOR SAGOTRA MARRIAGE

NAGPUR, Jan. 4: The 500 scientists attending the Indian Science Congress at Nagpur have arrived at the decision that Sagotra marriages among Hindus are not harmful biologically.

Discussion arose on a paper read by Mr. K. C. Mukerji of Dacca on the subject "is Sagotra marriage biologically harmful" in the section of anthropology. The scientists were unanimously in favour of Sagotra marriage —A. P.

Aviation Conference Delegates Back In India

KARACHI, Jan. 4.—Sir Gurunain Bewoor, Secretary for Posts and Air, and Sir Frederick Tymms, Director of Civil Avaition, have arrived in Karachi after attending the International Civil Aviation Conference in Chicago and the Commonwealth Aviation Conference in Montreal which they attended as members of the Indian Delegation appointed by the Government of India.

The delegation, it is understood, would submit a report to the Government of India on the discussions and decisions arrived at the two conferences.

On their return journey, the two delegates visited England where they held talks with Commonwealth representatives on aviation plans for the future.—A. P.

Savarkar Indisposed

BOMBAY, Jan. 4.—Mr. V. D. Savarkar has been indisposed since his return from Bilaspur. He is runing low temperature and having cough. The doctors have advised him complete rest.—United Press.

DEWEY PRESENTS HUGE PUBLIC WORKS SCHEME

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.

Thomas Dewey, New York State Governor, to-day presented to the State Legislature at Albany an ambitious programme of public works to cost 1,000 million dollars.

He read the message, promising a loan of 36 million dollars to New York city for slum clearance and building new working class houses, 800 million dollars for big improvements in the States highway system, the extension of unemployed insurance state aid for education and salary increases for State employees.—Reuter.

RECORD U. S. PLANE PRODUCTION IN '44

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.

The War Production Chairman, Mr. K. A. Krug, announced that the United States produced a record total of 96,369 planes during 1944, despite the December production falling to 6,697 due to the holidays.—Reuter

Turkey Floats National Defence Loan

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The Ankara radio says a national defence loan of 35 million Turkish pounds has been floated by Turkish Government.—Reuter.

New Anglo-Egyptian Financial Pact Signed

CAIRO, Jan. 3.

A new Anglo-Egyptian financial agreement was signed to-night at Egyptian Ministry of Finance.—Reuter.

SERIES OF AIR ATTACKS ON GERMANY

LONDON, Jan. 3.

Wednesday's raid by more than 1,100 American bombers is the twelfth consecutive day of the United States Eighth Air Force operations against German supply lines. This is the longest series of consecutive attacks in any of the three winters the Eighth Air Force has been bombing the Germans.

In the last twelve days, the Eighth Air Force have flown about 18,000 bomber and fighter sorties and dropped 26,000 tons of bombs. Fighter pilots and bomber gunners have reported shooting down 386 German aircraft during the period.

Three German planes were reported shot down to-day by escorting pilots. Three bombers are missing. Nine fighters have not returned to the base but seven are believed safe in friendly territory.—Reuter.

Making 'Lend-Lease' Palatable To Americans

LONDON, Jan. 4.

"Plans are under consideration to change the name of the Lend-Lease to some more appropriate title," says the New York correspondent of the "Daily Mail" today. The present name, he says, has given the American public the impression that America has been and is pouring out its treasure to the Allies and is receiving little return. 'Mutual aid' would be a better name, he says; but President Roosevelt is seeking something more original.

Reviewing the American scene the correspondent says: New big questions looming large here are: how many British troops are there on the Western Front compared with the Americans, how many miles of the front are held by the British, what is Gen. Montgomery doing? Official figures are lacking, but it is believed that the British, Canadians, Poles, Dutch and Belgium have a total of 22 divisions in the northern sector. Americans have 44 divisions occupying three-quarters of the whole front and the French have seven divisions in the southern part of the front.—United Press.

Ten-Crore Plan For Kolhapur

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 3.—The Kolhapur State had decided to launch two development schemes costing about ten crores of rupees for the development and improvement of roads and water supply in the State. One of the schemes is estimated to be carried out within 10 years while the other would take 20 years an Advisory Committee consisting of official and non-official members is to be appointed to supervise the implementing of the schemes.—A. P.

REGENCY COUNCIL FOR JUGOSLAVIA?

Marshal Tito Likely To Be Prime Minister

LONDON, January 4.

Another European King stands down. King Peter gives way to Slav Regency, writes the 'United Press of India' correspondent surveying the constitutional developments in Jugoslavia.

Twenty-year-old King Peter of Yugoslavia, says the correspondent, has consented, following long conference with Mr. Churchill and Mr. Eden to the establishment of a Regency Council in Jugoslavia. Only on Saturday, King George of Greece reluctantly withdrew from Greek politics in favour of a Regent.

King Peter who is married to Princess Alexandra of Greece, has for sometime recognised Marshal Tito as the dominating figure in Jugoslavia.

The new Regency Council, the correspondent understands, will consist of three members representing Serbia, Croatia and Slovenis. The Prime Minister is likely to be Marshal Tito himself who is ready to call together a Cabinet of all Parties. The Prime Minister in King Peter's present Government, M. Subasitch, will become Foreign Minister in the new Cabinet.

When Jugoslavia is completely liberated a plebiscite will be held to decide the future of monarchy. King Peter is said to have no wish to return unless called by the will of the people.—United Press.

ATTEMPTS AT UNITY AMONG INDIANS IN CEYLON

MADRAS, Jan. 4.

It is learnt that attempts are being made in Ceylon by Indian leaders for the appointment of a common Indian delegation to appear before the Soulbury Reforms Commission. Efforts in this direction have not yet borne fruit. In the meantime a move is afoot, sponsored primarily by those who are interested in the cause of the Indians generally to compose the differences between the Tamil Congress and the Indian Ceylon Congress so that both these bodies may present unanimous demands of the Indans before the Commission. It is stated that even if attemots at unity among the Indians in Ceylon failed, there would be no divergence of views to be represented before the Commission, in so far as the General Indian case is concerned.

It is understood that the Government of India have, however, not yet decided in what form their viewpoint should be brought to the notice of the Commission.

In the meantime, the Ministers have introduced a bill for a "free Lanka" which will be taken up by the Ceylon Legislature on 14th January 1945.—A. P.

NATIONAL DEFENCE COUNCIL

Members From Indian States

NEW DELHI, Jan. 4.

A "Gazette of India" extraordinary issued today says that the following have been appointed as members from the Indian States for purposes of the session of the National Defence Council commencing on Eighth January 1945.

H. H. the Nawab of Bahawalpur, Mr. B. A. Gaekwar, Minister, Baroda State, H. H. the Nawab of Bhopal, the Nawab of Chhatari, President of the Executive Council of the Government of H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad and Berar, H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala, H. H. the Maharao of Kotah, Mr. Nyanathi Madhava Rau, Dewan, Mysore State, Mr. J. P. Dhurandhar, Wazir Palanpur State and Dewan Bahadur Sir T. Vijavaraghavacharya, Prime Minister, Udaipur State.—A. P.

CIRCULATION OF NEWSPAPERS MUST NOT BE CUT DOWN

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Jan. 4.

Reduction in price by Delhi newspapers is generally well received in official circles here.

Government of India have however taken note of some newspapers cutting down circulation "as a result of reduction in prices". Government, it is emphasized, never intended newspapers to cut down circulation which it attributes to keeping up the present level of profits. As a matter of fact, Government's sole attention was to benefit newspaper reading public. This they had made clear through Press Notes.

It is further pointed out that Government used persuasion and wanted newspapers to reduce prices voluntarily. Preference for methods of negotiation was responsible for publication of Government's proposals weeks before January 1. Then again Government have fixed ceiling prices. Curtailment of circulation might compel Government to fix circulation based on 1944 figures, it is emphasized here.

The matter is expected to be raised at the next meeting of Consumers' Council at Madras towards the end of this month.

ALL-OUT OFFENSIVE AGAINST HURS

KARACHI, Jan. 4: Mr. H. T. Lambrick, Special Commissioner for the Hur area, left for Hyderabad (Sind) along with Mr. Pryde, Deputy Inspector-General of Police on special duty. The plans for an all-out offensive against the Hurs, prepared at yesterday's conference it is understood, include clearing the makhi forest which provides the main dideouts for Hurs. Orders have already been issued restricting movements of persons in the forest. The Sind police rifles have been ordered to enter the forest and challenge suspects.

Khan Bahadur Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, Home Minister, has left on a fortnight's tour of the Hur-affected areas in Hyderabad District.—A. P.

U. S. Bombers Over Germany

LONDON, Jan. 4.—More than 1,100 bombers of the U. S. Eighth Air Force, escorted by more than 600 fighters today attacked German rail and road centres at more than a dozen points. The targets included communication centres near the German border, marshalling yards in the vicinity of Cologne, Schaffenburg (South-east of Frankfurt) and Fulda (North-east of Frankfurt).

Nutcracker Squeeze By Allies On Belgium Bulge

U. S. FIRST ARMY ATTACKS ENEMY'S ARDENNES SALIENT

S. H. A. E. F., January 3.

The first United States Army launched an attack on the northern flank of the German Ardennes salient, it is officially stated here.

Reuter's special correspondent says: With the announcement that the First United States Army has launched an attack on the northern flank of Marshal Rundstedt's Ardennes salient, a nutcracker squeeze has apparently been put on Belgium bulge by the offensive-minded Allied armies.

Already the segment biting through Allied lines into Belgium and Luxembourg has shrunk by almost half since it reached a highwater mark and seems scheduled for further contraction.

Americans attacking on the southern flank have made most progress around Bastogne where the corridor has been widened to eight miles by pushes north-east and north-west of the city.

General Patton is moving towards Saint Hubert after having his patrols look over the city and then withdraw.

New Smash

Rundstedt holding stubbornly to his Saar penetrations in the Bitche area, has now a strategic springboard for a powerful new smash—either west into Lorraine or south to Alsace, says Reuter's Special Correspondent.

Frontline reports claim that the German gains of a couple of miles are being contained. But increasing German offensives along the Saar valley seems to indicate that the German High Command may be plotting new problems for the Allies as American gains further north have made the Ardennes salient shrink to almost half its maximum size.

Where the Americans once stood across the German frontier on a five-mile stretch just east of Saarguemines between Habkirchen and Bliesbruck, they now hold positions south of the frontier although it is believed they were not driven back.

Around Volklingen they have pushed back Germans to capture Schaffhausen.

Americans Withdraw

American Seventh Army troops have withdrawn from the narrow 20-mile strip of the German Reich territory —west of the Rhine—to better positions.

This move has been made as German troops and tanks fight desperately in the salient they have breached in the American lines, less than 20 miles west of Wissembourg.

The troops who pulled back were those between the Siegfried line and the Palatinate. They have moved over the Lauter river running along the border blowing bridges behind them.

Some German tank spearheads have driven in to a depth of five miles. The base of the salient which the Germans are fighting furiously to expand is roughly about the same length.

Position Improves

In heavy fighting, but further south German pressure is continuing in the vicinity of Leedwiller, two and a half miles west of Volklingen.

The last reports said these attacks were being contained. North-east of Saarguemines, the Germans tried three crossings of the Blies river. South of Habkirchen and one company secured a bridgehead which is being held in the face of heavy American artillery fire.

In the German Ardennes salient, the United States Third Army has made slight gains in the sector between Bastogne and Saint Hubert while the position of the Allied Corridor to Bastogne has improved so considerably that it now represents more of a salient into the German salient than the corridor and has a width of eight miles."

The Third Army is estimated to have destroyed five German divisions since the beginning of its attack on the southern flank of the German salient.

It is estimated there are twenty German divisions, including ten Panzer grenadier divisions in the salient.

Eight divisions of which half are Panzers are reported to be in positions around the perimeter around Bastogne.

Three miles north-west of Bastogne, American armour occupied the village of Mande Saint Etienne and near Wiltz American infantry gained half a mile. American patrols are also active probing across the Sure and Moselle rivers into Germany.—

FAILURE OF RUNDSTEDT'S OFFENSIVE

This is the post-mortem on Rundstedt's great Ardennes offensive—and why it failed. The German Commander-in-Chief's all out bid to reach the River Meuse and exploit his gains north and north-west of his purse from the Siegfried line failed through these four factors. It is officially estimated to-night, writes Reuter's special correspondent with the Allied forces in Belgium.

Firstly, failure to break through in the vital Monschau sector and push on to Liege by the shortest possible route. Secondly, stubborn resistance of Allied troops around Saint Vith, which resulted in a German armoured spearhead being cut off in the Stavelot area. Thirdly, the stand at Bastogne—the key to the German communications system. Fourthly, overwhelming superiority of Allies in the air.

GERMANS LOSE HEAVILY

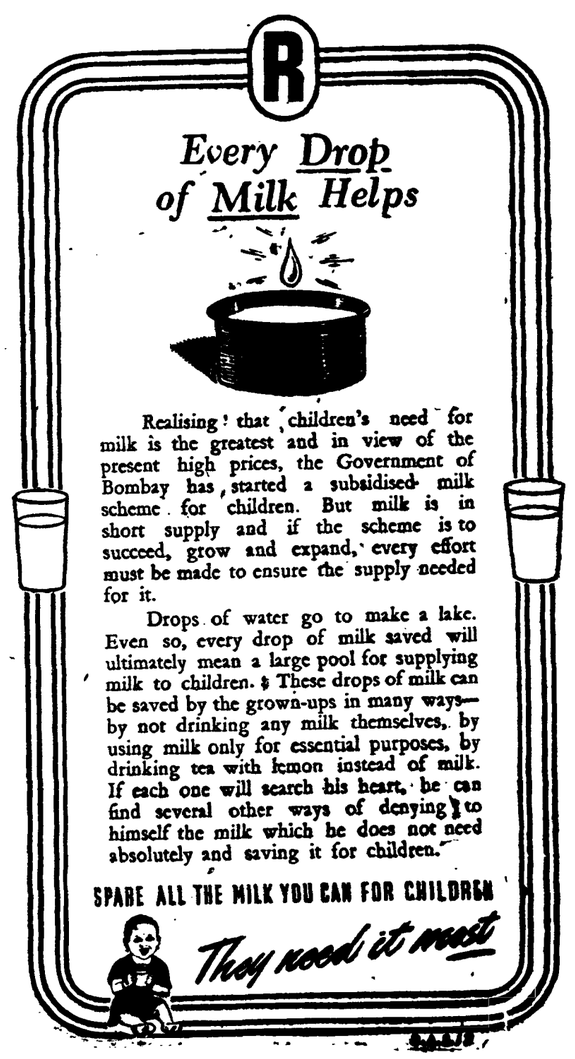
The first sixteen days cost the Germans nearly 20,000 men in prisoners, 400 tanks and 847 aircraft. The Air Force claims for tanks also knocked out by bombing or rocket attacks are not yet available. In addition the cream of the German forces was severely mauled. It is now possible to reveal the course of the German offensive up to the time it was definitely contained and the initiative passed to the Allies.

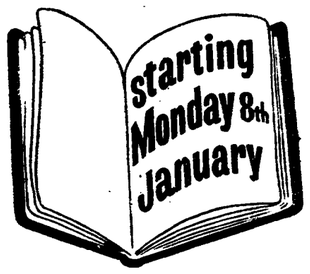
It was launched on the morning of December 16th at two points, 50 miles apart, with the object of breaking the Allied front and pushing Panzer spearheads through the gaps. The 5th Panzer Army was to break through on the Marche-Namur Axis and the 6th Panzer Army on the Malmedy-Liege Axis.

In the north, the 6th Panzer Army near Monschau made only slight gains against stubborn resistance. But by December 24, the 5th Panzer Army had invested Bastogne and elements of it were reported at Celles, four miles from the Meuse.

But the Allies were then beginning to reap the reward of the stand at Monschau and on December 26 and 27 they began to clean up the Celles sector and relieved the American forces in Bastogne. By the evening of December 31, the Allies recaptured Rochefort the key-town at the tip of the German salient.

There were practically no changes elsewhere and with the German effor tepent, the initiative passed gradually to the Allies.—Reuter.


R
Every Drop of Milk Helps
Realising that children's need for milk is the greatest and in view of the present high prices, the Government of Bombay has started a subsidised milk scheme for children. But milk is in short supply and if the scheme is to succeed, grow and expand, every effort must be made to ensure the supply needed for it.
Drops of water go to make a lake. Even so, every drop of milk saved will ultimately mean a large pool for supplying milk to children. These drops of milk can be saved by the grown-ups in many ways—by not drinking any milk themselves, by using milk only for essential purposes, by drinking tea with lemon instead of milk. If each one will search his heart, he can find several other ways of denying to himself the milk which he does not need absolutely and saving it for children.
SPARE ALL THE MILK YOU CAN FOR CHILDREN
They need it most



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Here are the details of Government's securities at a glance

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AAA 1384-A

Mrs. Pandit's Activities Not Adequately Published

Mr. G. L. Mehta Exposes Anti-Indian Propaganda In U. S.

CALCUTTA. Jan. 3.—Mr. G. L. Mehta, Deputy Leader of the Indian Delegation to the International Businessmen's Conference at Rye, New York, who returned to Calcutta today, in the course of an interview dwelt at length on the "tendentious propaganda" that was being carried on in America against the Indian national movement, particularly against the Congress.

He said: "American public opinion is sympathetic to Indian aspirations but is ill-informed about the Indian situation. The mass of people in America, although interested about India, are unfortunately very badly informed. Information about India is really lacking. Even the circle which is really working for India and Indian cause consisting of persons like Pearl Buck, Mr. Walsh (Pearl Buck's husband), Louis Fischer, Mr. Lin Yutang, Norman Thomas (who stood as a Socialist candidate for Presidentship). All these people stated that they were having very meagre information about India.

"Unfortunately, however, the India Agent General's office functions as an appendage of the British Embassy which carries on a continuous and tendentious propaganda against the Indian national movement, particularly against the Congress. Lakhs of rupees from the Indian Treasury are spent for this purpose, apart from millions of pounds spent by the British propaganda machine, which seems to confuse and mislead American public opinion about the conditions and aspirations of India. As is well-known, people have been sent from India as well as from England for this purpose and it was reported recently that Mr. Beverley Nichols is also visiting the U.S. or is already there and is touring the country.

MISREPRESENTATION

"Scores of lecturers are employed, pamphlets and literature distributed all over the country to show that Indian disunity stands in the way of her freedom and that the Congress and Gandhiji have been pro-Axis.

"It is of interest to mention in this connection that debates over the radio had taken place between, for example, Louis Fischer and Sir Frederick Puckle, who is in the British Embassy and also between Mr. Norman Thomas and Senator Celler on the one hand and Sir Frederick Puckle on the other about India. If censorship is exercised in India only for reasons of military security, typescripts of these debates should be allowed to be published in India in full to let the Indian public know what type of propaganda is done in U.S.A.

"The India Agency General is more interested in watching the movements and activities of Indian visitors and students rather than helping them in establishing contacts between Indians and Americans. As against this, the machinery for publicity and education on behalf of Indian national bodies is poor in equipment and resources, although rich in personnel. Men like Dr. Syed Hussain, Mr. J. J. Singh, Dr. Anup Singh, Mr. Krishnalal Shridharani and others are endeavouring their utmost to place the Indian viewpoint and disseminate information about the national movement.

INDIA LEAGUE'S ACTIVITIES.

There is an Indian Chamber of Commerce in New York but it is not also adequately equipped. It is essential that arrangements are made to strengthen such bodies as are functioning in the U.S.A. to provide them with adequate information. Mr. J. J. Singh, in collaboration with several Americans, is carrying on the India League of America and is trying to get the ban on Indian immigration removed, for which a bill is likely to come up before Congress shortly. Dr. Anup Singh and his other colleagues are working the National Committee for the Freedom of India in Washington and having a monthly paper called the "Voice of India". The India League also publishes regularly a bulletin".

"I might add", Mr. Mehta observed, "that until our delegation went, practically all the delegations that had hitherto gone from India have been either official or nominated by the Government of India so that they were not in a position, even if they wanted to do so, to place India's viewpoint frankly and fearlessly even on economic matters.

The first time the Indian viewpoint was put forward was at Bretton Woods conference where not only the non-officials like Sir Shanmukham Chetty and Mr. A. D. Shroff but also Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, Government of India, expressed the Indian viewpoint on the question of the sterling balance, India's representation and India's economic condition as a result of the war."

MRS. PANDIT'S PRESENCE.

"Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit's visit and the presence of Indian non-official delegates to the Pacific Relations Conference", Mr. Mehta said, "are likely to help the Indian cause and strengthen the hands of our friends there. There is, however, a kind of tacit understanding about the publication of Indian news in America although I must add in fairness that the activities of the Indian business delegation received good publicity even in the American Press.

During my stay of nearly six to seven weeks there was hardly any news about India in the American newspapers except for certain tendentious reports put out from Washington. For instance, while every attempt is being made to throw cold water and discredit the Sargent scheme of education by high authorities in this country, reports were published as though the Government had already put the scheme into operation or they are going to implement it shortly. The object is to show the American public that the Government are proceeding fast with schemes of post-war reconstruction and everything possible is being done for the benefit of Indian public by the present Government.

"Mrs. Pandit's activities", Mr. Mehta remarked, "are not also receiving enough publicity presumably because of certain influences at work".—A. P.

DEFECTS IN COMMISSIONER'S ORDER

Mr. Kutty Fined Rs. 300 For Failing To Comply With Order

Mr. G. K. Rege, Additional Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court sentenced K. V. Kutty, a social worker to pay a fine of Rs. 300 in the alternative, three months' imprisonment being found guilty under sub-rule 7 of Rule 75-a read with Rule 5 of the Defence of India Rules.

The accused was acquitted of a charge under sub-rule 7 of Rule 75(a) of the Defence of India Rules for contravening an order served on him by the Commissioner of Police on October 6, 1943. He was only convicted on the alternative charge.

The Magistrate discussed at length the pros and cons of the contentions raised by Mr. Kabiv who appeared for the accused. He did not agree with the contention of the defence counsel that the Defence of India Rules were 'ultra vires' and had no legal existence. Neither did he agree with the contention that the housing of police constables was not contemplated by the Government in requisitioning buildings. The housing of constables, according to the Magistrate was an act done for the purpose of securing public safety and the maintenance of public order.

There was however, he said, one defect in the order served on the accused on October 6, 1943, and the accused was charged for breach of that order. The order, among other things stated that it was in pursuance of a Government notification dated 27th March, 1942. This mistake, the Magistrate stated might be accidental but the accused was entitled to say that on receipt of the order he tried to find out whether there was any such order, and as he could not find it, he ignored the order. The accused was therefore found not guilty under the first charge.

He was, however, found guilty of failing to comply with a second order served on him and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 300.

In awarding sentence, the Magistrate took into consideration the natural reluctance of a person to be ousted from a residence of his own choice and also the fact that he vacated the premises after his arrest.

Mr. Jhabvala, police prosecutor conducted the prosecution.

ROUND-UP IN SILVER CUT MARKET

City police raided the Silver Cut Market at Mandvi on Thursday evening and arrested about 75 people. When the Bullion Exchange closed its business in the evening, speculators usually resorted to this market and dealt in futures equalising the difference next day. The arrests are reported to be in connection with the illegal transaction banned by the Government.

Moonje On Visit Of Prince Of Berar

NASIK, (By Mail.)

Dr. B. S. Moonje has issued the following statement:—

"I find that my speech in support of Mr. Khaparde's resolution in connection with the forthcoming visit to Berar by the heir-apparent of Nizam has not been properly reported. What I said was to the effect that those who are preparing to offer welcome to the Heir-apparent should take care definitely to mention in their speeches and addresses of welcome that it does in no way whatsoever mean that they are agreeable to the retrocession of Berar to the Nizam. If any donations are announced on the occasion, there is no objection to accepting them thankfully, but while accepting these donations, care should be taken most respectfully to mention that it does not mean acceptance of the proposal of retrocession of Berar to the Nizam. It must be noted that the mass mind is greatly perturbed, and if the leaders and those who are organising the Reception do not take this caution, public wrath may find itself demonstrated in objectionable ways. We vividly remember the scenes indulged in on the occasion of the most unwelcome visit of the Prince of Wales to India in 1921 which was boycotted by the Congress under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi. Under the circumstances, I honestly believe that it would be conducive to maintenance of good neighbourly relations if the proposed visit be cancelled in good cheer.

A. I. N. E. C. Committee Meeting

MADRAS, Jan. 4: Mr. S. V. Swamy, Secretary and Convener, Madras Provincial Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference announces that a meeting of the Committee will be held at Kasturi Buildings, Mount Road, Madras, on Monday, (Jan. 8), at 12 noon. It is intended to give an opportunity to members for raising any issues they desire to discuss at the ensuing annual session of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference.—A. P.

More P. W. D. Divisions For Post-war Road Plan

To carry out surveys and prepare detailed plans and estimates for roads to be built under the Post-War Reconstruction Plan, the Bombay Government has created five additional temporary Divisions in the Public Works Department under the Superintending Engineer, Project Circle. The appointment of five Executive Engineers in the grade of Class I, Bombay Service Engineers, and 25 Deputy Engineers in the grade of Class II of the Service to staff these Divisions has been sanctioned.

LIVESTOCK IN CITY TO BE ENUMERATED

Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay, writes:—

At the request of Government, it is proposed to undertake the quinquennial enumeration of the Live Stock of the City of Bombay. The preliminary enumeration will commence on the 3rd January 1945, and the final checking will be carried out on the 31st January 1945 up to midnight.

Owners of horses, ponies, bullocks, cows, buffaloes, calves, mules, donkeys, sheep, goats, pigs and poultry including fowls and ducks, etc., whether for domestic use or not are requested to furnish details thereof to the Superintendent of Licences, Shops and Establishments, Bombay Municipality, 7 Napier Road, Fort, Bombay, by 25th January 1945. Owners of all premises including dwelling houses, are requested to co-operate and to give every facility to the inspecting staff.

"CONGRESS AFTER GANDHIJI'S DEATH WILL BE BLOWN TO PIECES"

Scheduled Caste Party Will Be Eternal Party From Political And Moral Point Of View, Says Ambedker

CALCUTTA, Jan. 4.

"The Scheduled Caste Party will be our eternal party in this country from the political and moral point of view. The Congress after the death of Gandhiji will be blown to pieces", declared Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Labour Member, Government of India, performing the inaugural ceremony of the "People's Herald" a weekly organ of the Scheduled Castes to-day.

Dr. Ambedkar remarked that it was utter nonsense to say that they were fighting for loaves and fishes. They were fighting, he said, for the principle of liberty, equality and fraternity and their principles far transcended the limited cause they had in view, namely the cause of the Scheduled Castes.

FEAR OF BEING 'NEGROED'

Explaining why he devoted himself to the cause of the elevation of the Scheduled Castes and not the wider cause of Indian freedom, Dr. Ambedkar said that personally he did not think there was any work in India which could be said to be nobler than the elevation of the Scheduled Castes. As he had been born among these classes, he thought it was his duty to do something for them first and he regarded it as a noble cause. So far as the cause of the Hindus were concerned, he added: "It is a cause of the Parasitic class which has been living upon the blood, money and work of the toiling millions of the country." He thought freedom would not be worth having and nobody would fight for it if it was used by the Hindus for suppressing the oppressed and suppressed classes. The Doctor urged for solidarity among the Scheduled Castes, as otherwise their position might very much be the position of the Negroes in the American constitution.

Stressing the importance of a paper, Dr. Ambedkar pointed out that the conduct of the representatives of any party or organisation and their political morality depended upon how their electors were kept informed of their activities. In this respect a newspaper could do immense service and he hoped that the new organ of the Scheduled Castes would adequately discharge its duties in this regard.—United Press.

F. S. U. Presents "Grapes Of Wrath"

John Steinbeck's novel "The Grapes of Wrath" produced by Zanuck and directed by Ford is to be screened at the Roxy on Sunday, 7th January, at 10 a.m. by the F. S. U. Film Society. It tells the story of the dispossed share croppers of Oklahama, how they were tractored off the land, how they went west and what they found of human misery and want here.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST KOLHAPUR POLICE

Departmental Inquiry Shows Reports Are Exaggerated.

POONA, Jan. 3.

A large public meeting of Poona women, presided over by Mrs. N. C. Kelkar, protested against a reported action of a certain police sub-inspector of the Kolhapur State who, it is said, committed an outrage against a woman at Pangire in the State during an inquiry about her absconding son.

The meeting demanded that an open enquiry into this alleged affair be made and pending that, the Police Officer be suspended.

The reports appearing in the press about this incident have been described by the Prime Minister of the Kolhapur State as highly exaggerated and a departmental enquiry has shown that there was nothing against the Police Officer except that two persons had received slight injuries during the investigation for which the officer would be departmentally dealt with.—A. P.

Social Workers' Services In Dharavi

A band of thirty workers under the lead of Mr. K. S. Venkatramani, went round the Dharavi area on Saturday evening in connection with the social work undertaken by them in that area.

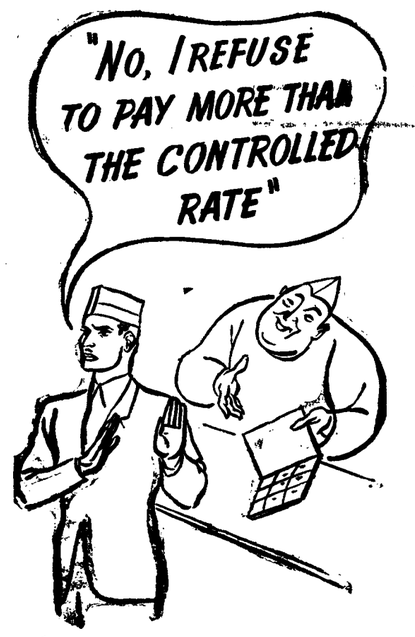
Nearly two hundred yards of road in the Poonawalla wadi were swept clean and watered. Two cart-loads of rubbish was removed from that spot.

Messrs. Venkatramani and Alwar then addressed the residents of the locality appealing for unity amongst themselves and drawing their attention to the necessity of keeping their homes and surroundings clean and tidy. The workers assured the people of the locality to do their best to bring their grievances to the notice of the civic authorities.

GLOBE AGENCY OPENS OFFICE IN CITY

BOMBAY, Thursday: The Globe Agency founded by Mr. Edward Hulton will shortly start news service for the Bombay press, arrangements for opening a Bombay office of the Agency being complete.

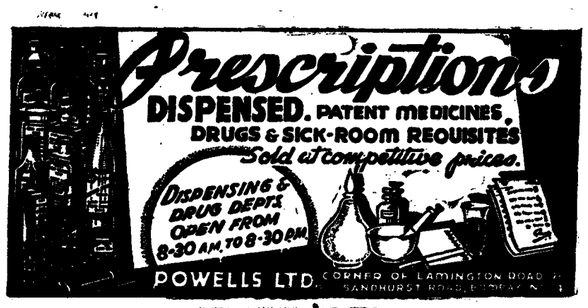
Explaining the aims of the Agency to a group of Bombay journalists at a tea party at the Taj to-day, Mr. S. N. Majumdar said that Mr. Hulton and his associates would try to give to the Indian press not only items of wide human interest but also those which have a close bearing on Indian political and economic life.



HE'S HELPING TO SMASH THE BLACK MARKET

ISSUED BY THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT.

AAA 1384-A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I FEEL YEARS YOUNGER AND I COULD DANCE ALL NIGHT. THAT OONIM'S WONDERFUL STUFF!
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LOVE
MARRIAGE
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Reactionary Feeling In City Markets

MODERATE SUPPORT AT DECLINE

Bullion Market Very Steady

BOMBAY, January 4.

After the recent spurt in all markets, there was reactionary feeling coupled with profit taking which checked upward movement.

On the Stock Exchange steel shares were slightly better but cotton mills shares recorded small declines but undertone was good.

Bullion market was very steady and inflation ideas attracted fresh buyers.

Cotton prices reacted slightly with a disposition to replace on setbacks.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was firm to-day but the early advance induced some realising which checked further improvement and quotations sagged few points. The recent rise mainly due to short covering created some justification for a reaction and steady expansion in currency does not suggest any important decline in quotations.

At the opening Tata Steel Dfd. Shares were quoted at Rs. 2,280 and under growing buying rose to Rs. 2,305. At this level profit-taking checked the rise and quotation receded to Rs. 2,280. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 426 and soon advanced to Rs. 431 but later steadied at Rs. 427. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1,972 and ruled quiet at Rs. 1,962. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 663 and steadied at Rs. 660. Associated Cement Shares were placed at Rs. 257. The market was steady at the decline.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 465
Apollo 4/7/6 4/8 4/7 4/7/6 4/7 4/8.
Bharat 68/8 69 68 68/12 67/8.
Bharucha (Defd) 9/8 9/4.
B. Dyeing 1972/8 75 65 85 66/4 71/4 60 65 55 65 56/4 61/4 57/8 61/4 51/4 53/12
Bradbury (Ord) 378/12
Nagpur (Ord) 440 42 38 47 44 46/8 43 44 38 41 38/8 40 37.
Nagpur (Pref) 741/4.
Century 925 31/4 20.
Colaba 242 41 43 40 41 39/8.
Edward Textile 837/8 21/4.
Elphinstone (Ord) 98 97/8 99 96 97.
Elphinstone (Pref) 128/2.
Finlay 340 39 45 43 44 35 36/8 35 35/8.
Gokak 335 31/8 40 32/8 34 31.
India United (Defd) 3/7/6 3/8 3/7 3/8 3/6 3/6/6 3/5/6.
India United (Ord) 16/8 16/7 16/12 16/11 16/14 16/8 16/11 16/9/6
Indore 822/8 35 30 45 25 28/12 26/4 27/8.
Khatau 371/4 72/8.
Kohinoor 664 59 63 61 67 64 68 56 59 54 56 54 51.
Luxmi Cotton 1385.
Madhusudan 475.
Meyer 233/12 36/4 31/14 32/8.
Model 275 76/4 73/12 75
Morarjee 725 27/8.
Mysore 335.
New City 427/8.
New Great 448 43 48 42 43 37 41 36.
Phoenix 645.
Podar 381/4 86/4 82/8.
Rajabahadur Poona 136/4 37/8.
Sassoon Cotton 24/8.
Shrinivas 390 95.
Simplex 293 90/8 86 88 90/8 87 89 87.
Swadeshi 600 593 600 590 92 87.
Swan 349 54 45/8 47 45 46.
Tata Mills 73/4 72/4 72/8.
Vishnu 501/4.
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 762/8.
Upper Sind Light Rly. 124. (Ex. Div).

BANKS.

A. B. C. Bank 34/4.
Baroda 142 42/8.
Central 87/8 87/12 87 87/4.
Habib 80/8.
Imperial (Old) 2035.
Imperial (New) 507/8 8/12.
Reserve 132/8 35.
Union 9/14.

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad 222/8.
Ajmer 15.
Andhra Valley. (Ord) 1810.
Andhra Valley (Pref) 1672/8.
Tram (Ord) 151/4 52 51/8 51/12.
Hydro (Ord) 208 8/8.
Hydro (Pref) 167/8
Power (Ord) 1920 22/8 15.
Power (Pref) 1773/12.

INSURANCE COS.

British India 22, 22/4.
Empire 1070.
Indian Mercantile 75/3.
New India 84/12 85/12 85.
Oriental 6300
Bombay Steam 627/8 15.
Scindia 38/6 38/4 38/8 37/6 37/7.
Jam Wire 147/8.
Tata Steel (Defd) 2280 82/8 77/8 90 82/8 97/8 92/8 2305 2297/8 2307/8 2285 90 75 82/8 73/12 83/12 75 80 73/8
Tata Steel (Ord) 428 26/8 28/8 27/8 31 30 31/8 26 27/8 25/8 27 25/8 26/8 25/8.
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 163 63/4.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 462/8 65.
A. C. Cement 257/8 55/8 57 56 56/12.
Belapur 237 35 36 35/8.
Burma Old 510 17/8 15 22/8 20 25 15 20
Burma New 178/12.
B. B. Petrol 3/15/9 4/0/6.
Dharamsey Chemical 57.
Indian Bleaching 189.
P. Construction (Ord) 232 35 33 33/8 31.
Shivrajpur 63 62 62/8 61/8.
Tata Chemical (Ord) 21/6 21/8 21/6.
Tata Oil 76/8 78/8 77 78/8.
Dawn 1250.
Coorla 227/8.
New Union 28/8.
Zandu Pharmacy 200.

GOLD & SILVER

The local bullion market was very steady with moderate buying and day's sales were easily absorbed. The increase of Rs. 13 crores in notes is encouraging inflation ideas and sellers are cautious.

The Reserve Bank sold to-day 300 bars Silver at Rs. 129/11 while sales of Gold amounted to 37,000 tolas at Rs. 75/5.

The forward Gold market opened at Rs. 75/8 and quietened at Rs. 75/7 but soon improved to Rs. 75/12 and steadied at Rs. 75/13. Spot Gold was placed at Rs. 75/10/6.

Trading in Forward Silver commenced at Rs. 129/12 and under active buying improved to Rs. 130/10 and later steadied at Rs. 130/2. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 130/5 and long was steady.

The market ruled very steady throughout the day and closed as under. Ready Gold Rs. 75/8/8 forward Rs. 75/8. Sovereigns Rs. 51/4. Ready Silver Rs. 130/1, Forward Rs. 129/15.

BOMBAY COTTON

The Cotton Market was quietly steady with a small speculative activity. After the recent experience there is less desire to sell short as this year the crop is likely to be well under general expectation and the quality is not likely to be very satisfactory. Upcountry arrivals are light and the market looks doing better ultimately.

The market opened at Rs. 447/8 for March delivery and under scattered selling declined to Rs. 445/8. Business was restricted and traders are awaiting to buy on declines.

Moderate realising depressed March delivery to Rs. 444 but at this level there was renewed support and quotation improved to Rs. 445/8. The market closed at 6 p.m as under:—

I C C March	444	8	0
I C C May	455	8	0

Bombay Produce

There is some speculative activity in the local produce market and the British Food Ministry is not interested at present in the offers: The market is awaiting final outcome of Nizam permits. In the local market Groundnuts December-February are quoted at Rs. 14/13 and February-March business was done at Rs. 14/14/6. Castorseeds ready and receipts were offered at Rs. 15/12 to Rs. 15/13 while January-March was quoted at Rs. 15/6. Linseed C. P. and U. P. was quoted at Rs. 15/11. G. I. P. Stations at Rs 15/7 and Moglai at Rs. 15/2.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
I.C.C. March	448/8	443/8	446/12
I.C.C. May	459/8	454/8	457/8
Karachi March	45/5	44/7/6	45/1

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March contract is 488 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

Bharat Magazine

"Bharat Magazine" is a monthly journal published simultaneously from Delhi and Allahabad on behalf of Central Publicity Bureau, Dalmia-Jain Enterprises. It is edited by Mr. Shyam Ratna Gupta.

It publishes interesting news about the development and progress of the industries comprising the Dalmia-Jain House and, it also publishes general articles on the various industrial, economic and commercial problems of present day India.

SHARP RISE IN NEW CROP MONTHS IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

GROWTH OF FARM LABOUR SHORTAGE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.

Near months ruled steady with price-fixing versus spot house selling on advance, presumably hedges, and firmness of new crops attributed to belief of no important changes in Government programmes in 1945 and probably renewed agitation for upward revisions of the parity price formula and the likelihood of the growth of farm labour shortages owing to more stringent military conscriptions.

The Commodity Credit Corporation has denied vague rumours that it is planning to suspend export subsidies. The strength of new crops further reflected increased commission house buying. The market closed steady.

It appears that the future of cotton is promising as the war is likely to last long and naturally new crop months being relatively cheap commission houses are buying.

March option opened at 22.09 and improved to 22.11. The market closed at a net rise of 3 points for near months but distants gained into 15 points. Spot cotton was unchanged at 22.50 c. per lb.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 3.

January 21.96+03, March 22.11+03, May 22.02+03, July 21.72+01, October 20.87+14, December 20.82+15, March highest (12-49 p.m.) 22.11+03 March lowest (10 a.m.) 22.09+01, Middling Spot 22.50—.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March 22.12+01, May 22.06+02, July 21.76—, Middling Spot 21.55—.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

March 22.00, May 22.10, July 21.74.

YARN MARKET DISPLAYS FIRM UNDERTONE

BOMBAY, Jan. 3:

There is no special change to report in the yarn market and prices have remained more or less unchanged with a firm under-tone at the close. The New Year has not brought any relief so far either to the consumers or to the dealers in so far as the scarcity of almost all counts of yarns has been continuing and the buyers are not able to get their requirements in yarns at anything like controlled prices. Reports from various consuming districts go to show that black market practices in yarn still continue almost everywhere and whilst the situation seems to be easier in South India which is incidentally a surplus area for yarn, conditions in other parts of the country remain very unsatisfactory. The handloom weavers find it extremely difficult to obtain their supplies even in coarse counts not to talk of fine varieties at anything like controlled prices and it is reported that in some places several looms have stopped for want of yarn. The new scheme which had been promised by the Textile Commissioner has not been the light of the day and it is difficult to anticipate whether it will turn out to be a practical scheme which will enable the real and genuine consumers like the handloom weavers, power-loom factories and others to secure their supplies of yarn in sufficient quantities and at satisfactory prices. The situation in Bengal continues still as bad as before and inspite of several requests by the Calcutta Yarn Merchants' Association, no attention has been yet paid to the problem of fair distribution and as a result several stocks have been lying in the godown of Merchants for the last so many weeks and yet the consumers are not able to get their supplies and most of their looms are practically stopped. It is believed that if some workable arrangement is made as a result of which some Mills which are capable of increasing their spinnings can be induced to do so, at least such an attempt might relieve the situation to some small extent.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 29th December 1944.

LIABILITIES

CAPITAL:—Rs. 5,62,50,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 5,92,50,000; Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts Rs. 234,21,75,000; Sundries Rs. 3,28,87,000; Rupees 249,05,62,000.

ASSETS

INVESTMENTS:—

Government Securities Rs. 144,05,93,000; Other Authorised Investments Rs. 3,84,63,000;

ADVANCES:—

Loans Rs. 15,07,47,000; Cash Credits and Overdrafts Rs. 43,87,27,000; Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 5,15,19,000; Dead Stock Rs. 1,66,28,000 Sundries Rs. 3,10,94,000.

CASH:

In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 30,53,08,000
Balances with other Banks Rs. 1,74,83,000; Rupees 249,05,62,000.

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 1/4 1 & 2 months. 1/6 9/32 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T T 1/6 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 1/8.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 327.

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 295 1/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

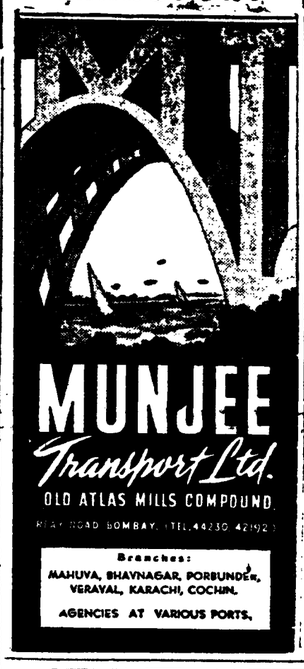
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c, 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c, 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1906.
CAPITAL
SUBSCRIBED RS. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP RS. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND RS. 1,23,00,000
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:
AHMEDABAD: Bhadra (Main Office), Ellis Bridge, Manek Chowk Station Branch.
AMRITSAR.
ANDHERI: Near Bombay.
BANDRA Near Bombay.
BOMBAY: Bullion Exchange, Colaba, Kalbadevi, Malabar Hill.
BHUJ (Kutch).
CALCUTTA: Clive Street (Main Office), Bara Bazar, Chowringhee Square.
JAMSHEDPUR.
JUNAGADH.
KARACHI.
MADRAS
NAGPUR: Kingsway, Itwari Bazar.
PALANPUR.
POONA.
POONA CITY.
RAJKOT.
SURAT.
VERAVAL.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at ½ per cent per annum interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in an account for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED SHORT AND SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates on application.
The Bank acts as EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE UNDER WILLS AND SETTLEMENTS and undertakes trustee business generally Rules may be obtained on application.
General Banking Business Transacted.
A. C. CLARKE, Manager.

The GATEWAY of TRANSPORT



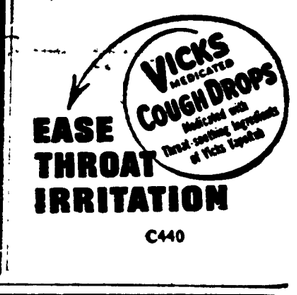
MUNJEE Transport Ltd.
OLD ATLAS MILLS COMPOUND
Branches:
MAHUVA, BHAVNAGAR, PORBUNDER, VERAVAL, KARACHI, COCHIN.
AGENCIES AT VARIOUS PORTS.

MENTMORE FOUNTAIN PENS
"The pen with the hand-made nib"

Sole Concessionaires
MULLER & PHIPPS (India) LIMITED

For SORES AND WOUNDS
HELIA
SOOTHING POWERFULLY ANTISEPTIC HERBAL OINTMENT
In cases of accidents like burns, cuts, sprains, bites and stings, HELIA offers the ideal and handy First Aid. Cures and protects at the same time.
Free from Animal products.
BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA :: BOMBAY

Agents:
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY
Lamington Chambers,
Lamington Road, Bombay 4.



SPORTS GOODS ARE AT PRESENT IN SHORT SUPPLY, BUT AS SOON AS PEACE RETURNS
SLAZENGERS LTD.
AND
GRADIDGES LTD.
WILL BE READY TO SUPPLY YOUR TENNIS AND GOLF REQUIREMENTS.

ASSETS EXCEED Rs. 6,30,46,000
CLAIMS PAID EXCEED Rs. 8,38,51,000
Head Office: Empire of India Life Building.
EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Head Office: Bombay Established 1897.

PILES BLEEDING, BURNING &c., INFLAMATION AT ONCE SUBSIDING BY TAKING ARSHARI TABLETS Rs 2 per bottle V P EXTRA.
HERBAL HEALING CO.

BOMBAY RACES

WINTER MEETING—12th DAY
SATURDAY, 6TH JANUARY, 1945.

(INDIAN 2000 GUINEAS; WESTERN INDIA CUP AND BERAR CUP)

DAY TICKETS:

1st Enclosure	Gentlemen	Rs.	3-0-0
	Ladies	.. ..	2-0-0
2nd Enclosure		.. .. ..	1-4-0

One per cent. Tote Commission will be donated to the Bombay War Gifts Fund from the racing public and the R.W.I.T.C. will contribute an equal amount from its funds.

All N.C.O.'s and men of H.M.'s and Allied Forces in uniform will be admitted to the 1st and 2nd enclosure at half price.

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway You Look At It, Jeff is Certainly A Strong Little Duck — By BUD FISHER

GOSH, THIS JOB WORKIN' FOR THE CITY AS A PLUMBER'S HELPER IS NO CINCH!
TOOLS
YOU POOR FISH, IF YOU HAD BRAINS LIKE ME YOU WOULDN'T HAVE TO WORK SO HARD TO MAKE A LIVING!
TOOLS
HEY, WHAT'S THE IDEA PARKING BY A FIRE HYDRANT?
I ALWAYS PARK HERE! I NEVER NOTICED THAT BEFORE!
TOO
SO YOU ALWAYS PARK HERE, EH?
TICKET
WELL, SO LONG, MUTT! SORRY YOU GOT A TICKET! I GOTTA GET BACK TO THE SHOP WITH THIS HYDRANT!
TOOLS

AN OBSTINATE SORE? . . . Just one of the 44 uses for this curative antiseptic

Here are others:
SKIN RASHES
BOILS
SEPTIC WOUNDS
BURNS
EYE TROUBLES
PILES

WHY is it that sores and ulcers that have persisted for weeks or months will often heal surprisingly quickly, under treatment with T.C.P.

It is because T.C.P. is much more than 'just an antiseptic.' T.C.P. reaches and destroys infecting germs swiftly and surely, as a good antiseptic should. But it also has these *extra* curative properties. It *relieves pain*, soreness and irritation almost immediately you apply it. It *penetrates* right down through the skin and quickly *disperses inflammation*. And it actually *speeds up healing*—clean, natural healing that rarely leaves a scar.

Then again, T.C.P. is so completely safe and beneficial that it can be used on the most delicate parts of the body—in fact it can even be taken internally. That's why you can rely upon T.C.P. wherever infection or inflammation may develop or healing is needed—as a lotion for the eyes, and as a gargle, as well as for sores, wounds, burns, insect stings and skin troubles.

In the booklet with each bottle you will find directions for using T.C.P. in the treatment of no less than 44 everyday ailments, skin troubles and hurts. Why not get a bottle of T.C.P. now? Most Chemists stock it to-day.

T.C.P. . . . THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC WITH EXTRA CURATIVE PROPERTIES
8/44/2

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted in a Sugar Factory in East Africa an experienced M.B. B.S., Doctor. Apply in duplicate stating experience with copies of testimonials and minimum terms acceptable to Mr. Natvarlal Thakordas Parakh, Maharaj Mansion, 294, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4. 6973

Wanted Chief Store-keeper for Deccan Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Poona. Only persons with experience need apply with copies of testimonials, if any, stating age, qualification, experience and salary expected. 1612

Wanted Matriculates, Nonmatriculates having good knowledge of drawing and artistic tastes. Permanent jobs. Good salary Bring applications personally, Onward Trading Company, Opposite Gokuldas Hospital, 3rd Floor, Also male female typists, accounts clerks, salesmen managers and packers required. 6984

Wanted immediately a really experienced and first class whole time teacher to teach Bharat Nritya (dancing) to a respectable lady in a town in C. P. State experience and minimum salary acceptable. Apply Box No. 6967, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a fast, experienced typist to correspond independently. Apply stating age, qualifications & salary required to Box No. 6949, "Bombay Chronicle."

Royal Air Force. Vacancies exist in Technical and Clerical Branches of the Royal Air Force for Anglo-Indians and Domiciled Europeans. Starting pay Rs. 75 per month Messing, accommodation etc. free. Excellent prospects with increased pay to suitable applicants. For full particulars apply to the Technical Recruiting Office at Staunton Road Poona, or Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao, Bombay 1, Assembly Rest House, Nagpur, Panch Kuva, Ahmedabad, Bungalow No. 39, Old Telegraph Office, Belgaum, Military Barracks, Khandwa (C. P.). 1608

Wanted a good Short-hand Typist. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 501, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced Gujarati Graduate for a local High School Apply sharp to Box No 6951, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Experienced Compositors, those who have worked in a Daily Newspaper. Apply with certificates to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 & 4 p.m.

Wanted experienced Readers and Copyholders with good knowledge of English language. Apply with certificates to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 and 4 p.m.

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Required small Office in Fort or Vadgadi, airy, well ventilated, with telephone facility no objection sub-tenancy, write P. O. Bag 1039, Bombay 6956

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Danton 12 hours Shorthand. Only 6 Easy Lessons. Details Free:—Danton Shorthand School, (St. Albans) Post Box 43 Delhi. 1599

Get Degrees, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A. Ph.D., etc., from London College and American University. Fee nominal. Write for prospectus to General Educational Agency, Amritsar. 6833

Get Medical Diplomas at home: Ayurvedic Homoeopathic, Unani, Prospectus free. Old Indian Medical College Kotgarh Simla. 6872

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Earn Rs. Six daily Buy Easy Cotton Calculation Book at Rs. 4 Fulgaliwala Ahmed Bldg., Golpitha, Bombay. 6964

Outstanding Books Sent Post Free "Tomorrow Is Ours!" Rs. 4-8. "And One Did Not Come Back." Rs. 2-8. Both by K. Abbas. —"Reflections On Gandhian Revolution." Rs. 1-8. 'Jawaharlal Nehru, man and his ideas." Rs. 4-4. Both by Y. Krishnamurti. Stamps or M. O accepted. Order Now:—Streamline Agency, 195, Hornby Rd. Bombay. 6866

MEDICAL ADLETS

Cobra-Cane (Cobra-manured Sugarcane) for all types and stages T. B. 21 days course only. Rs. 60/- Greenfields (India). Pindrai C. P. 6860

INVESTMENTS

Active Financier wants to invest about ten lacs in Film Industry. Apply confidentially with full bonafide to Box No. 6974 "Bombay Chronicle".

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Paper Cutting Machines. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B Clerk Road. Jacob Circle, Bombay. 6975

PLOTS WANTED

Wanted:—Plot of Land about 15,000 to 20,000 sq. ft. near Railway siding and within 10 miles from the City Apply Box No. 6970, "Bombay Chronicle"

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Corks Indian Manufacture in all numbers and sizes including discs, washers, etc. At very moderate rates. Apply to Gosris Limited, Ernakulam. 6851

For Sale Hydrolic Seaplane in excellent conditions to be sold immediately only one in the Far East 2½ hours run per gallon. Apply room No. 6 Royal Hotel, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. 6960

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

WANTED CANDIDATES to fill the following posts:—

(a) 1 post of Temporary Stenotypist.

(b) 15 posts of Temporary Cabin Candidates.

AGE:

For (a) not less than 18 years and not more than 25 years on 1-2-45.

For (b) not less than 18 years and not more than 30 years on 1-2-45.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

For (a) Matriculation or equivalent examination of a recognised university.
Speed 100 words Shorthand and 50 words typing.

For (b) studied upto pre-Matric standard under the Government Grant-in-aid code of the Bombay University or its equivalent standard.

SCALES OF PAY:

For (a) starting pay Rs. 70/- per month in the grade of Rs. 50-5-80 (New).

For (b) Rs. 35/- per month as stipend to be absorbed as Temporary Cabinman on Rs. 40/- in the grade of Rs. 30-4-50 after three months' successful completion of training.

ALLOWANCES:

For (a) Dearness allowance of Rs. 18/- (present rate) and House and Local allowances totalling 15% of pay.

For (b) (i) Dearness allowance of Rs. 16/- (present rate) when posted within the Bombay Island and Dearness allowance of varying amounts when posted outside that area.
(ii) Bombay House and Local allowance totalling 20% of pay on absorption in a post within the Island of Bombay on successful completion of training period.

Candidates should be physically fit generally and have the following sight standard:—

For (a) Distant vision — tested with Landolt's split rings must not be less than 6.9 in either eye with or without glasses.
NEAR VISION: Snellon 0.6 in either eye with or without glasses.

For (b) Distant vision tested with Landolt's split rings must be 6/6 in one eye and not less than 6/9 in the other without glasses and the manifest hypermetropia is not more than 1.0 in one eye and 1.5 in the other.
(ii) Colour perception as tested with Edridge Green Lantern should be normal.
(iii) Candidates suffering from night blindness will not be considered.

Forms of applications are obtainable from the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, V. T. on payment of Rupee 1/- each by the money order only. FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE APPLICANT AND THE NAME OF THE POST APPLIED FOR SHOULD BE ENTERED IN BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS ON MONEY ORDER COUPONS; otherwise Money Orders are liable to be returned. Last date for receipt of money order is 17th January, 1945.

Candidates called for interview and examination should attend at their own expense. A call to attend examination or interview will not imply offer of employment.

1607

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we, the undersigned, RAMANLAL NAGINDAS and BABULAL S. SHAH, Sole Proprietor of Sha Babulal Ramanlal & Co. have this day purchased from Chandulal Hargovindas, Sole Proprietor of Messrs. J. Chandulal and Co., all stock-in-trade and furniture lying at his places of business situate at Refinery Building and on the 2nd floor at 56-58 2nd Agiary Lane, Dhunji Street and we the undersigned are the sole owners thereof. All debts due by and all outstandings due to the said firm of J. Chandulal and Co. shall be paid and recovered by the said Chandulal Hargovindas.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1945.

RAMANLAL NAGINDAS.
BABULAL S. SHAH
6976

BOMBAY FOREST SERVICE.

APPLICATIONS from candidates wishing to undergo training in Forestry in the Edinburgh University are invited and should reach the Chief Conservator of Forests, Province of Bombay, Poona by the 12th instant with certificates regarding educational qualifications respectability and good moral character. Only candidates possessing an Honours degree in the following subjects, viz., Botany, Physics, Chemistry and Zoology and not more than 23 years of age on 1st October 1945 need apply. The candidates on successful completion of the course will be appointed as Probationary Assistant Conservators of Forests in Bombay Forest Service Class II.

J. B. T. BROOKS,
Chief Conservator of Forests,
Province of Bombay.
Poona, 1st January, 1945.
1596

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway Special Works, Bombay, invites tenders upto 12-00 hours on 12-1-45 for constructing grain shop at Gun Powder Road, Bombay. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set being made. These sums will not be refunded

1613

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate for One Ordinary Share No. 6949 standing in the name of Appaji Rawji Pai Alias Appaji Ramji Pai has been lost or misplaced.

Public is hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the said Certificate in any way but is requested to give information about the same to the undersigned as application has been made to us for issue of Duplicate of the said certificate.

THE BOMBAY STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
Scindia House, Ballard
Estate, Bombay.
Bombay. 4-1-1945.
1621

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of Economic investigators in the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi. Scale of pay: Rs. 200-20-400. The posts are non-gazetted, temporary and likely to last for the duration of the war and six months thereafter.

AGE LIMIT: 30 years but may be relaxed in special cases.

Minimum qualifications: A Second Class Honours Degree in Economics or Commerce of an Indian University, with experience in economic research.

Applicants should state their full name, address, age, religion, educational qualifications including research experience and, if already employed, the nature of employment and present salary. They should enclose copies of testimonials and specimens of published work, if any. Candidates called for interview will attend at New Delhi at their own expense. Applications should reach the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi, not later than the 22nd January 1945.

1606

THE SUGAR MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Association will be held at the Office of the Association at Kartiki Building, 1st floor, Koliwada on Saturday, the 13th day of January, 1945 at 4 p. m. (N. S. T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To consider and pass the audited accounts and balance sheet for S. Y. 2000 together with the Auditors and the Managing Committee's Reports thereon and
2. To do such other business that may be placed before the meeting by the order of the President.

N. B.—There will be no new election of the President, Vice-President, Hon. Secretary, other members of the Managing Committee and members of the Arbitration Board or the appointment of Auditors for S. Y. 2001, as the Association is now being converted into a limited company.

By the order of the
Managing Committee,
C. J. VYAS,
Secretary.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1945.
Kartiki Building, 1st floor,
Koliwada, Bombay 3.
1616

THE SUGAR MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Association will be held at the Office of the Association at Kartiki Building 1st floor, Koliwada on SATURDAY, the 13th day of January, 1945, at 5 p.m. (N. S. T.) when the following Resolution will be proposed as a Special Resolution.

"Resolved that the funds of the Association after meeting with all expenses up-to-date be handed over to the Bombay Sugar Merchants' Association Limited and the President and Hon. Secretary are authorized to handover the same to the Bombay Sugar Merchants' Association Limited on its incorporation as a limited concern."

Thereafter a subsequent General Meeting will be held at the aforesaid place at 5-30 P. M. (N. S. T.) on the same day for confirmation of the above Resolution.

For The Sugar Merchants' Association,
C. J. VYAS,
Secretary.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1945.
Kartiki Building,
1st Floor, Koliwada,
Bombay, 3.
(1617)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the Loss of Policy Nos. 56998 and 66500 on the Life of Mr. Maruti Bhawoo Awate duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

K. BALASUBRAHMANYAM,
Manager & Actuary.
Bombay 5th January, 1945.
6969

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KUSUMGAVRI GULABCHAND and GULABCHAND NARBHERAM, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim whatsoever in or upon the said property are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of lands or grounds, situate at Ghatkopar in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Bombay Suburban District, being Plot No. 9B (a subdivided plot of the final Plot No. 9) of the Town Planning Scheme No. II of Ghatkopar, admeasuring 739 square yards and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North-East by Plot No. 10 belonging to Poorbai, widow of Velji Mulji, on or towards the South-West by the Plot No. 9A belonging to Mansukhlal Keshavlal, on or towards the North-West by the Plot No. 9C, belonging to Hirji Gopalji and others and on or towards the South-East by the public Road known as Tenth Road.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1945.

MOHILE & PAREKH,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1614

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VALIMAHOMED AHMED, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim against or to the said property of whatsoever kind is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or objection and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL that piece of Pension and Tax Land with dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the East side of Mahim Custom Road, now called Cadell Road, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 354 Sq. Yds. bearing Collector's New No. A|4313, New Survey No. 3|9, Cadastral Survey No. 1132 of Mahim Division and Municipal G Ward No. 5425(3) and Street Nos. 99-101 and 103 and bounded, on the East by the property of Sulleman Haji Juma, on the West by the Cadell Road, on the North by Lohar Street and on the South by the property of Isabai widow of Ebrahim Haji Mahomed.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1945.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1609

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GULAMHUSEN EBRAHIM MACHISVALA has contracted to sell to our clients inter alia the undermentioned immovable property. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, residence, use, maintenance, charge or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 19, Nanabhoy Lane Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the bungalow standing thereon at Ville Parle in the Bombay Suburban District, containing by admeasurement 2482 square yards according to old Deed but 3780 square yards according to Town Planning Scheme No. VI bearing entry Nos. 3324, 3331, Survey Nos. 242, 243, Plot No. 11|1, Falni No. 1|2 and bearing Plot No. 60 and bounded, on or towards the West by a Road, on or towards the East by Railway line, on or towards the North by property bearing Nos. 59 and 57 and on or towards the South by property bearing No. 61.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1945.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.
1624

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SULEMAN HAJI AHMED OOMER has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients together with a right of way over the roads through the other properties of the said Vendor, situate to the South and West of the said property and shown on the plan which is open for inspection in our office.

Any person having any claim of whatsoever nature in or to the said property or to the said roads or any objection to the grant of the said rights of way is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our office at Central Bank Building, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or objection and the same will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension Tax (Redeemed) tenure together with the massuage, tenements and buildings standing thereon known as "Tudor Court", situate, lying and being at Warden Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 750 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 596 (Part) of Malabar and Cumbala Hill Division and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Bomonji Petit Road, on or towards the North by the property of Mukundlal Bansilal, on or towards the South by the property of the Vendor known as "Oomer Manor" and on or towards the West partly by private road and partly by the property of the Vendor known as "County Villa" and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D. Ward No 3501(3), Street No. 85F.

Dated the 4th day of January, 1945.

S. F. B. TYABJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys
1610

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Messrs. MARSHALL D'MELLO JOSEPH D'MELLO, VINCENT D'MELLO and BLAISE D'MELLO have contracted with my clients to sell to them their following property free from all encumbrances. Any person having any claim against the said property either by way of mortgage, lease, lien, maintenance, charge, inheritance possession or otherwise is requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within seven days from the date hereof failing which the sale will be completed and the claim if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL that piece or parcel of land situate at Andheri in South Salsette Taluka of Bombay Suburban District and containing by admeasurement 921 sq. yds. or thereabout bearing non-agricultural Survey No. 25 and City S. No. 56 together with the tenement or building standing thereon and bounded as on or towards the East by Ghodbunder Road, on or towards the West by C. S. No. 36, 37, 38, on or towards the North by Gavthan lane No. 3 and on or towards the South by Gavthan Lane No. 2.

SHANTARAM K. RAJE,
B.A., LL.B., Advocate.
Andheri 4-1-1945.
1620

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GULAM NABI JAMALBHAI MANSURI, of Bombay Manomedan inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim against or to the said property of whatsoever kind is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL that piece of land or quit and ground rent tenure with the buildings standing thereon, situate at Tank Street, Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 235 square yards and bearing Collector's New No. 8701, New Survey No. 4032, Cadastral Survey No. 1389 of Byculla Division and Municipal 12(E) Ward No. 400 and New Street Nos. 23-25 and bounded on the East by a public passage, on the West by Tank Street, on the North by the property of Kokni Abdul Latif Fakir and on the South by the property of Haji Valdina.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1945.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.
Purchasers Attorneys.
1625

AUCTION SALES

SALE TO-DAY

THE SALE of "APPEAL PRINTING PRESS" together with its Assets, Good-will and Machine and all articles under instructions from Messrs Vachha & Co., Attorneys for Bai Prabhavatibai widow of Varjivandas Bhogilal Agashiwala and others the Mortgagees-in-possession and on account and at the risk of Rustomjee Pestonjee Elavia and Another the Mortgagors will take place today at 3 P.M. on the Premises of the Press, 129, Medows Street, Fort, as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

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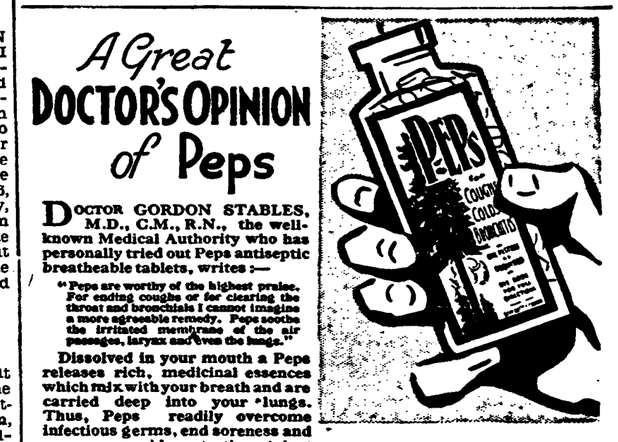
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